

# CT Pulse Function Pairs (1B)

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- Continuous Time Pulse Function Pairs

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# Fourier Transform Types

## Continuous Time Fourier Series

### CTFS

$$C_k = \frac{1}{T_0} \int_{-T_0/2}^{+T_0/2} x_{T_0}(t) e^{-jk\omega_0 t} dt \iff x_{T_0}(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} C_k e^{+jk\omega_0 t}$$

$$\omega = k\omega_0$$

$$f = \frac{k}{T_0}$$

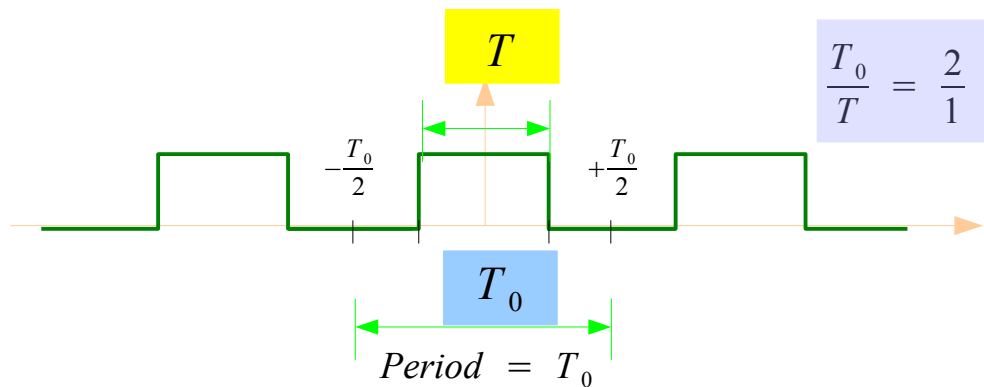
$$T_0 \rightarrow \infty, \quad \omega_0 \rightarrow d\omega \quad \left( \frac{2\pi}{T_0} \rightarrow d\omega \right), \quad k\omega_0 \rightarrow \omega \quad \Rightarrow \quad x_{T_0} \rightarrow x(t), \quad C_k T_0 \rightarrow X(j\omega)$$

## Continuous Time Fourier Transform

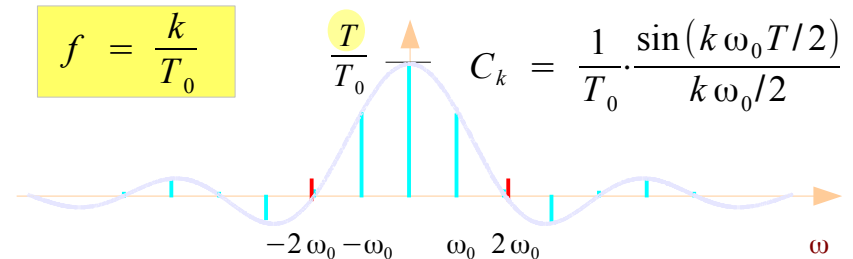
### CTFT

$$X(j\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt \iff x(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} X(j\omega) e^{+j\omega t} d\omega$$

# CTFS and CTFT

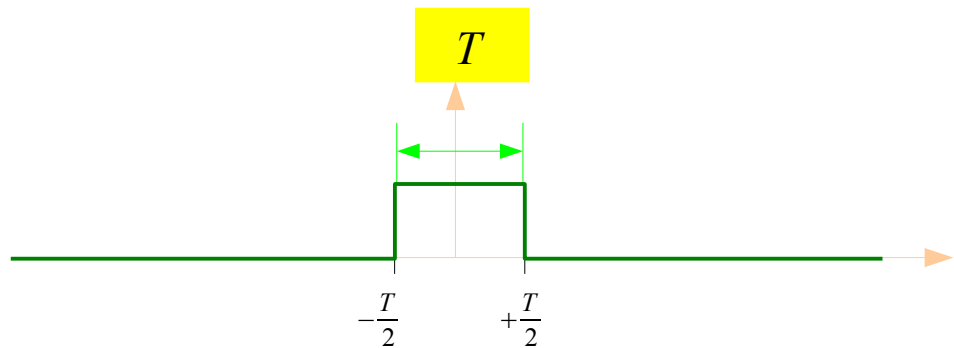


## CTFS (Continuous Time Fourier Series)

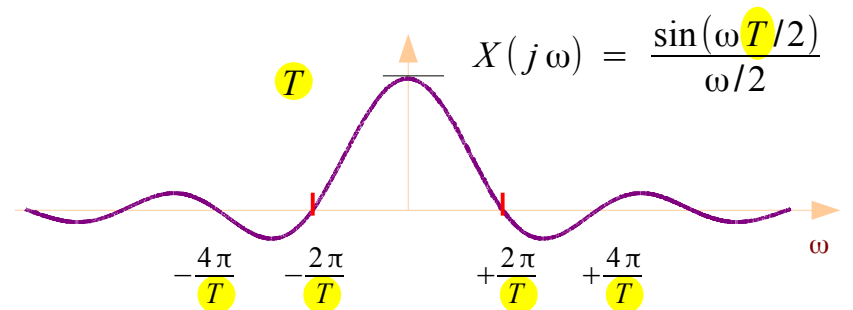


$$C_k = \frac{1}{T_0} \cdot \frac{\sin(k \omega_0 T/2)}{k \omega_0/2} = \boxed{\frac{T}{T_0} \cdot \text{sinc}\left(k \frac{T}{T_0}\right)}$$

$$C_0 = \frac{T}{T_0}$$



## CTFT (Continuous Time Fourier Transform)



$$X(j\omega) = \frac{\sin(\omega T/2)}{\omega/2} = \boxed{T \cdot \text{sinc}(f T)}$$

$$X(j0) = T$$

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- Relation between CTFS and CTFT

# CTFS and CTFT

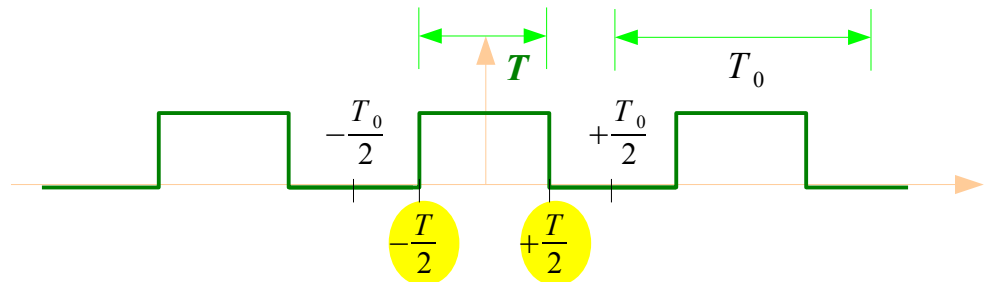
## Continuous Time Fourier Series

Periodic Continuous Time Signal

$$C_k = \frac{1}{T_0} \int_{-T_0/2}^{+T_0/2} x_{T_0}(t) e^{-jk\omega_0 t} dt \iff x_{T_0}(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} C_k e^{+jk\omega_0 t}$$

$$C_k = \frac{1}{T_0} \frac{\sin(k\omega_0 T/2)}{k\omega_0/2} = \frac{T}{T_0} \cdot \text{sinc}\left(k \frac{T}{T_0}\right)$$

CTFS



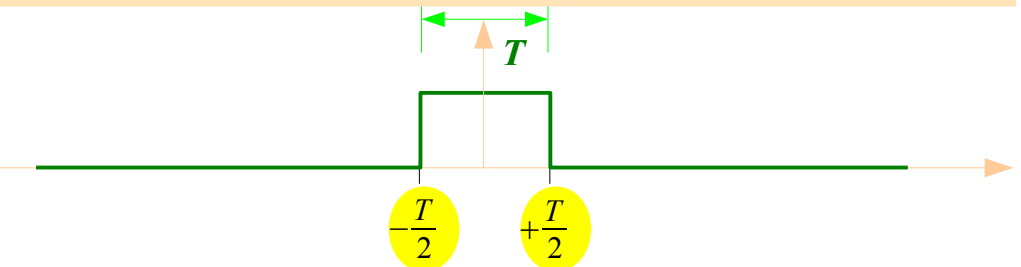
## Continuous Time Fourier Transform

Aperiodic Continuous Time Signal

$$X(j\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt \iff x(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} X(j\omega) e^{+j\omega t} d\omega$$

$$X(j\omega) = \frac{\sin(\omega T/2)}{\omega/2} = T \cdot \text{sinc}(f T)$$

CTFT



# CTFS and CTFT – in the time domain

## CTFS (Continuous Time Fourier Series)

$$x_{T_0}(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} C_k e^{+jk\omega_0 t}$$

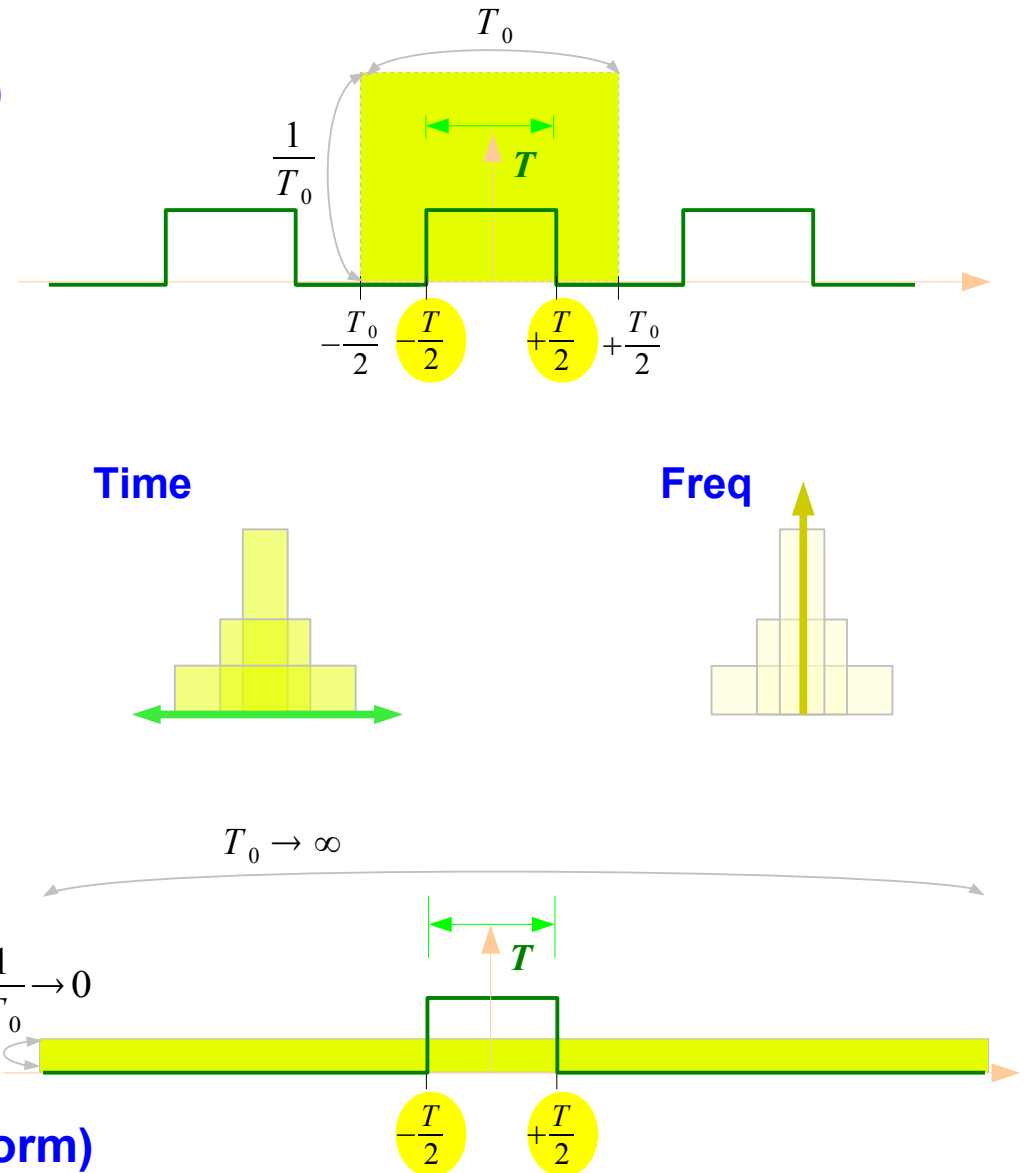
$$x_{T_0}(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} C_k T_0 e^{+jk\omega_0 t} \left( \frac{2\pi}{T_0} \right)$$

$$T_0 \rightarrow \infty$$

$$\omega_0 \rightarrow 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} k\omega_0 &\rightarrow \omega \\ \frac{2\pi}{T_0} &\rightarrow d\omega \\ x_{T_0}(t) &\rightarrow x(t) \end{aligned}$$

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} X(j\omega) e^{+j\omega t} d\omega$$



## CTFT (Continuous Time Fourier Transform)

# CTFS and CTFT – in the frequency domain

## CTFS (Continuous Time Fourier Series)

$$C_k = \frac{1}{T_0} \int_{-T_0/2}^{+T_0/2} x_{T_0}(t) e^{-jk\omega_0 t} dt$$

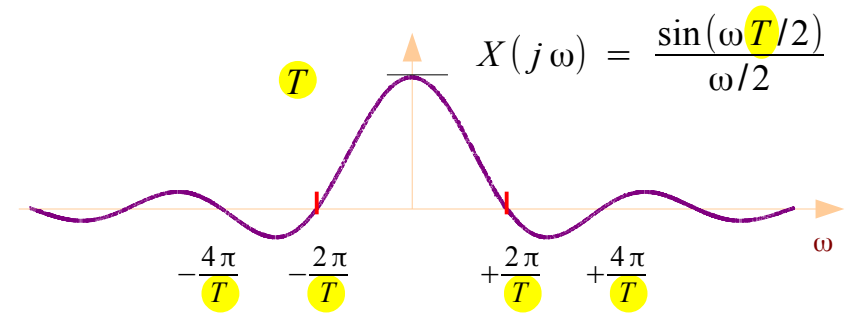
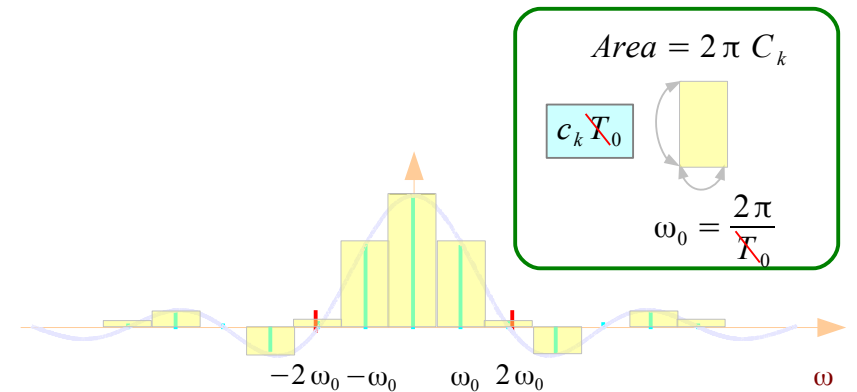
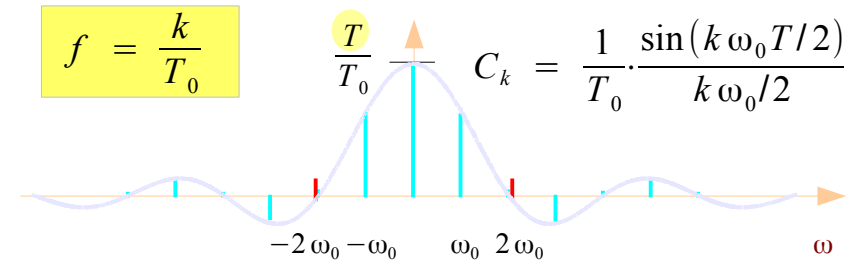
$$C_k T_0 = \int_{-T_0/2}^{+T_0/2} x_{T_0}(t) e^{-jk\omega_0 t} dt$$



$$\begin{aligned} T_0 &\rightarrow \infty \\ k\omega_0 &\rightarrow \omega \\ x_{T_0}(t) &\rightarrow x(t) \end{aligned}$$

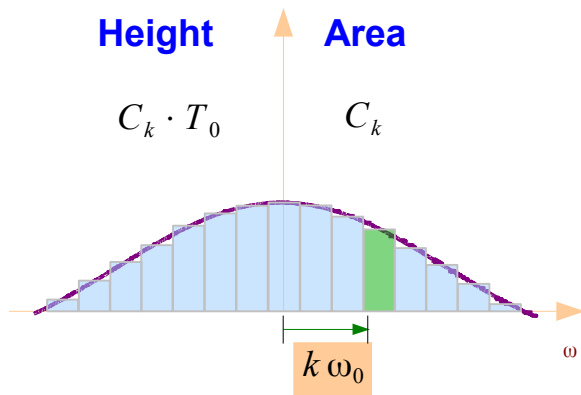
$$X(j\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

## CTFT (Continuous Time Fourier Transform)

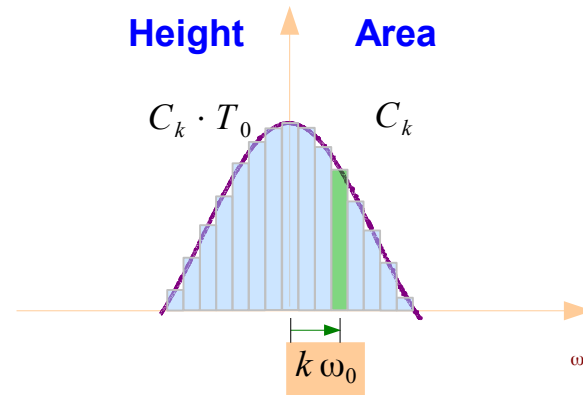




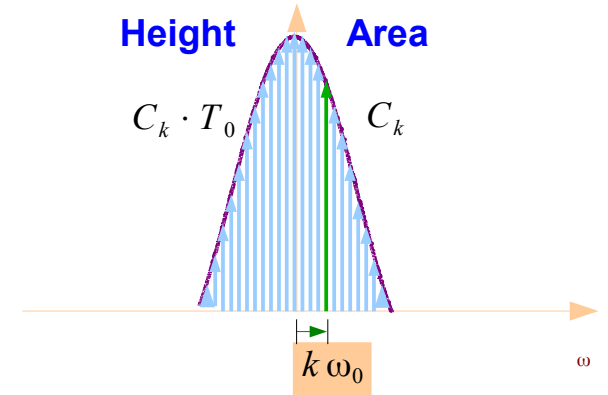
# Impulse Train Weights (1)



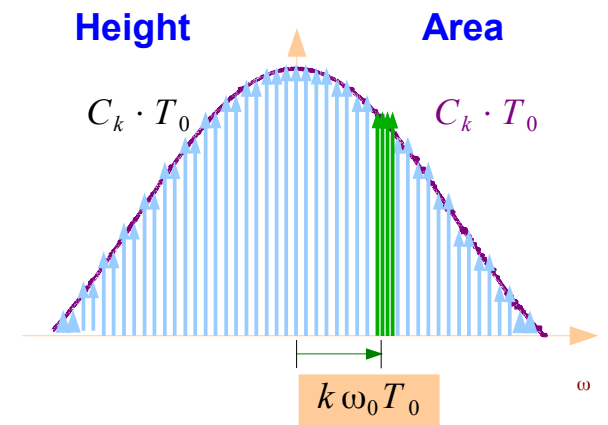
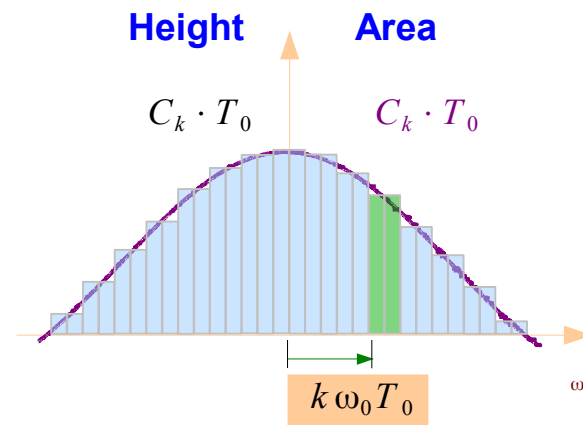
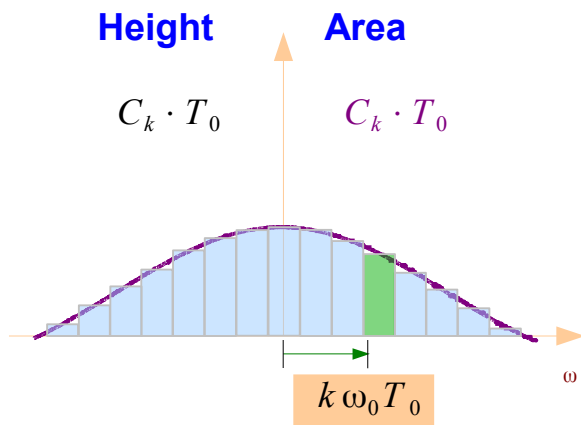
$T_0$  copies



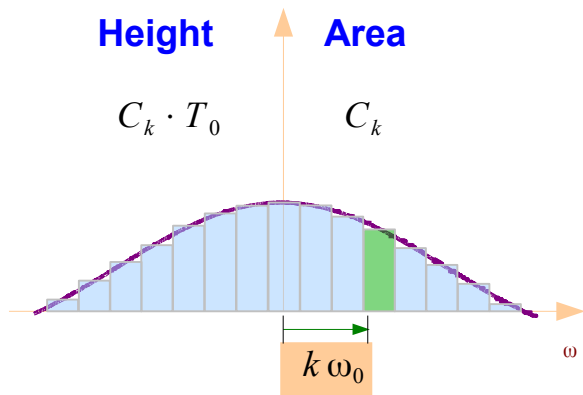
$T_0$  copies



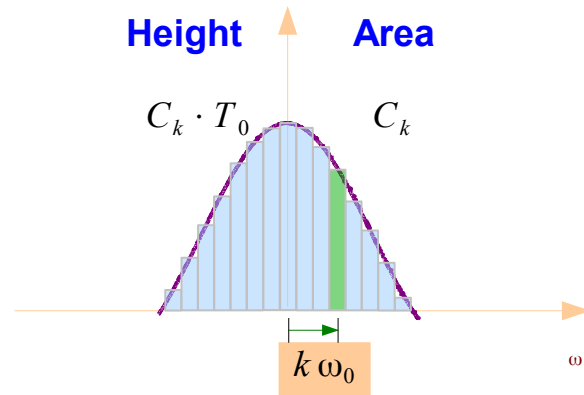
$T_0$  copies



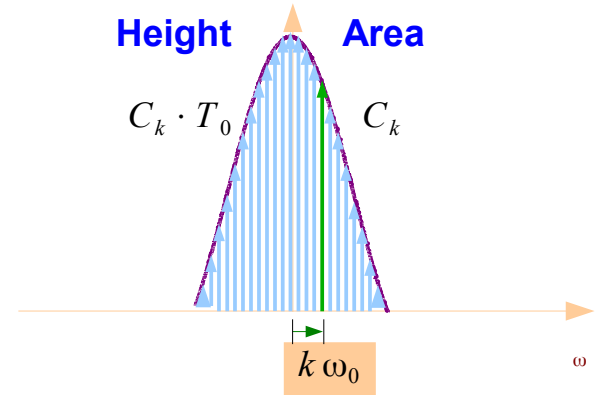
# Impulse Train Weights (2)



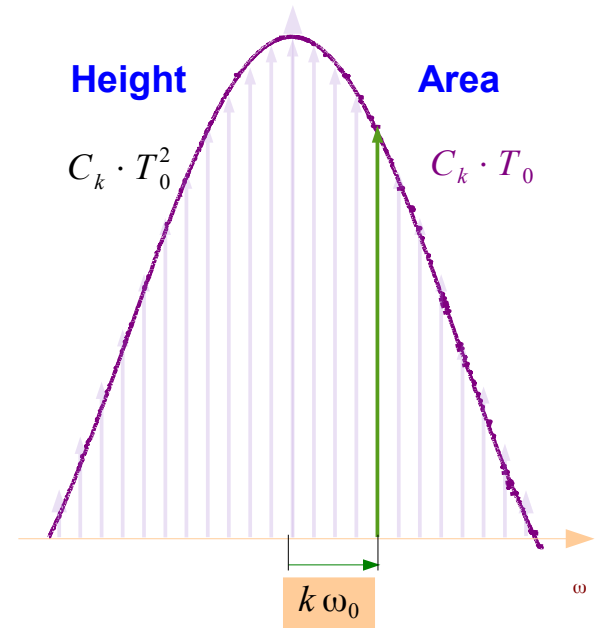
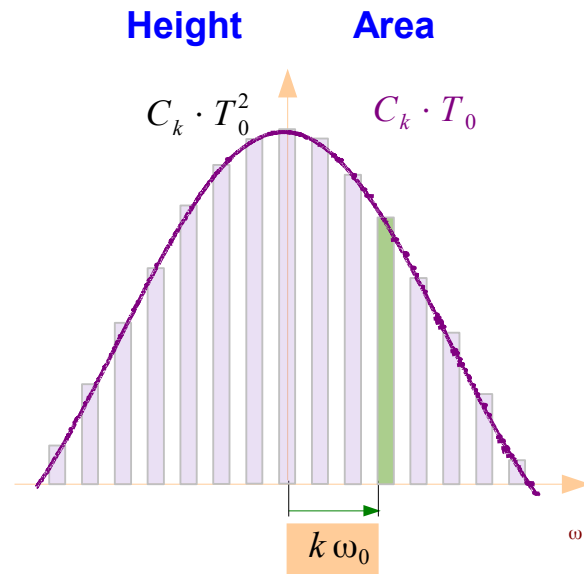
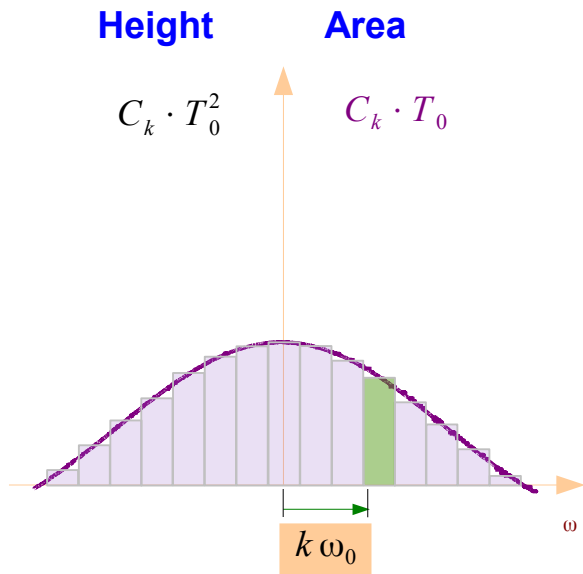
$T_0$  copies stacked up



$T_0$  copies stacked up



$T_0$  copies stacked up



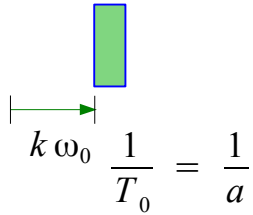
# Impulse Train Weights (3)

Height

$$C_k \cdot T_0$$

Area

$$C_k$$

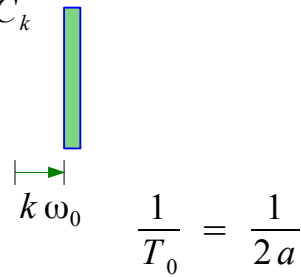


Height

$$C_k \cdot T_0$$

Area

$$C_k$$



Weight

$$C_k$$

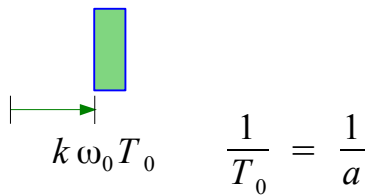


Height

$$C_k \cdot T_0$$

Area x no

$$C_k \cdot T_0$$

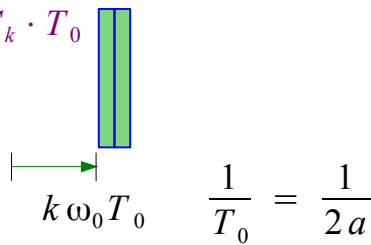


Height

$$C_k \cdot T_0$$

Area x no

$$C_k \cdot T_0$$



Weight

$$C_k$$

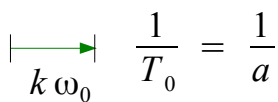


Height

$$C_k \cdot T_0^2$$

Area x 1

$$C_k \cdot T_0$$

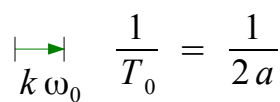


Height

$$C_k \cdot T_0^2$$

Area x 1

$$C_k \cdot T_0$$

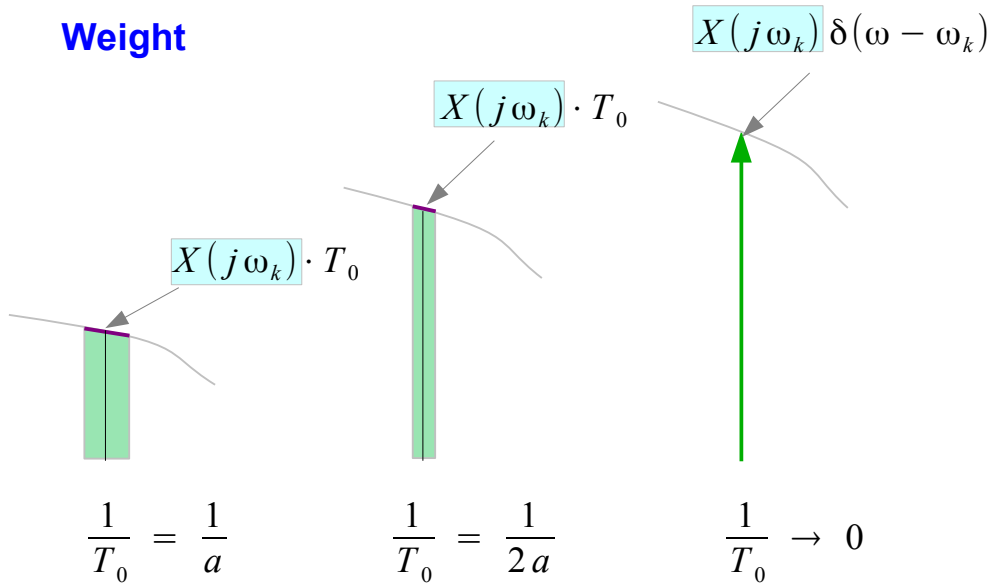


Weight

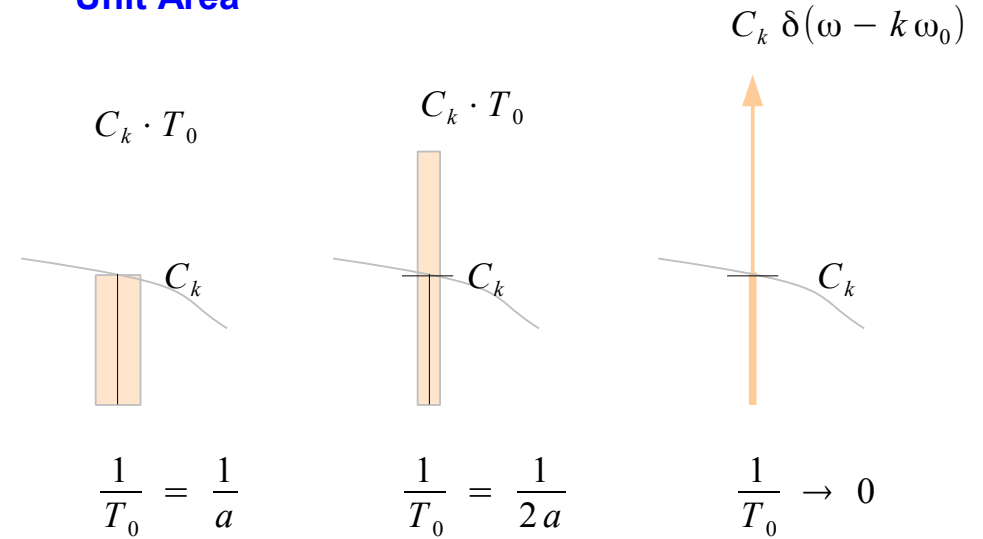
$$C_k \cdot T_0$$

# Impulse Train's Sampling Property

## Weight



## Unit Area



## Sampling Property

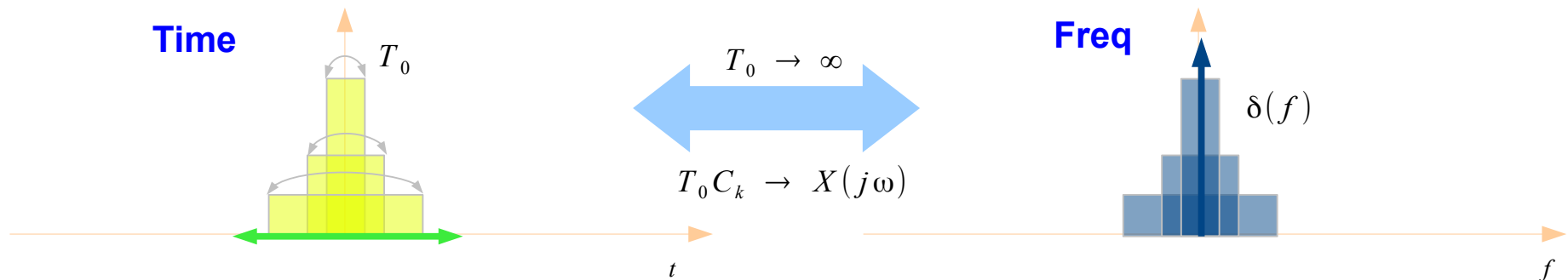
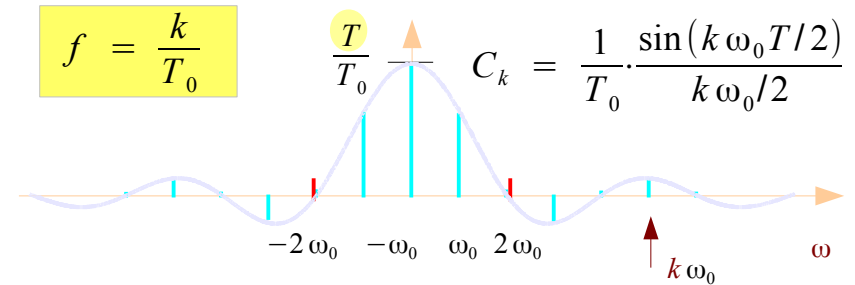
$$X(j\omega_k) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} X(j\omega) \delta(\omega - \omega_k) d\omega$$

$$X(j\omega') \neq C_k \cdot T_0 \cdot \frac{1}{T_0} = C_k$$

# CTFS and CTFT Frequency Components

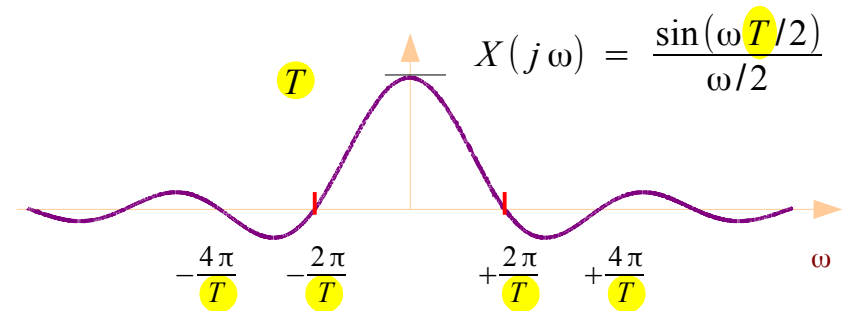
$$C_k = \frac{1}{T_0} \cdot \frac{\sin(k\omega_0 T/2)}{k\omega_0/2} = \frac{T}{T_0} \cdot \text{sinc}\left(k \frac{T}{T_0}\right)$$

$$C_0 = \frac{T}{T_0}$$

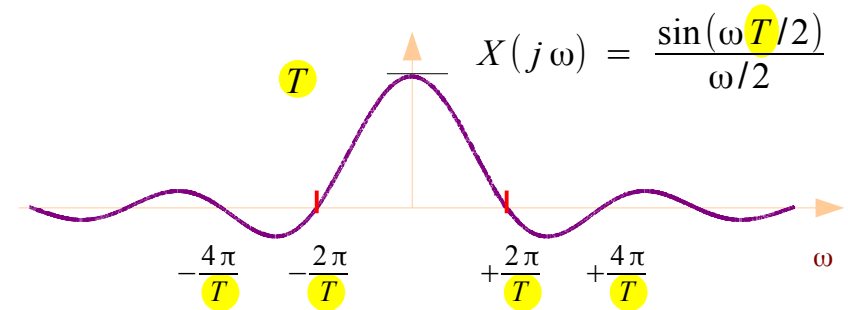
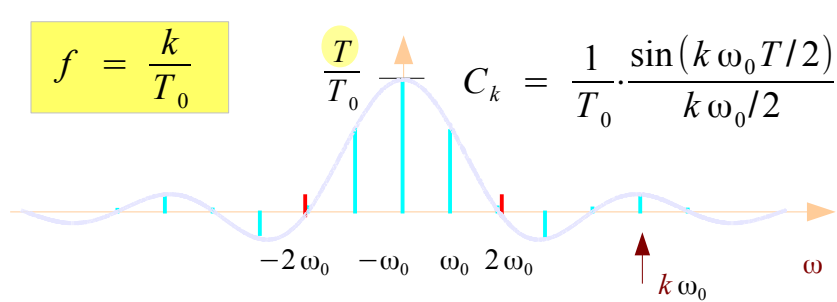


$$X(j\omega) = \frac{\sin(\omega T/2)}{\omega/2} = T \cdot \text{sinc}(f T)$$

$$X(j0) = T$$

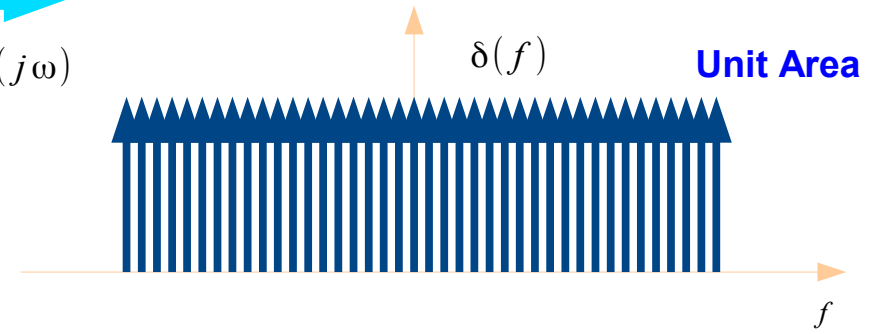
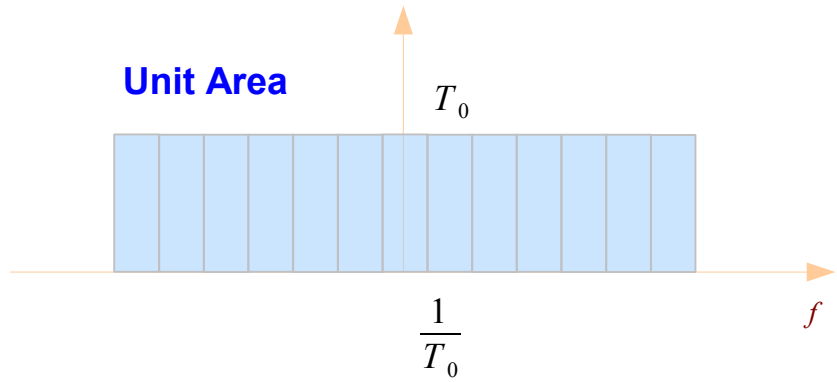


# CTFS and CTFT Frequency Components



$T_0 \rightarrow \infty$

$T_0 C_k \rightarrow X(j\omega)$



$$C_k = \frac{1}{T_0} \cdot \frac{\sin(k\omega_0 T/2)}{k\omega_0/2} = \frac{T}{T_0} \cdot \text{sinc}\left(k \frac{T}{T_0}\right)$$

$$C_0 = \frac{T}{T_0}$$

$$X(j\omega) = \frac{\sin(\omega T/2)}{\omega/2} = T \cdot \text{sinc}(f T)$$

$$X(j0) = T$$

# CTFS → CTFT

## CTFS

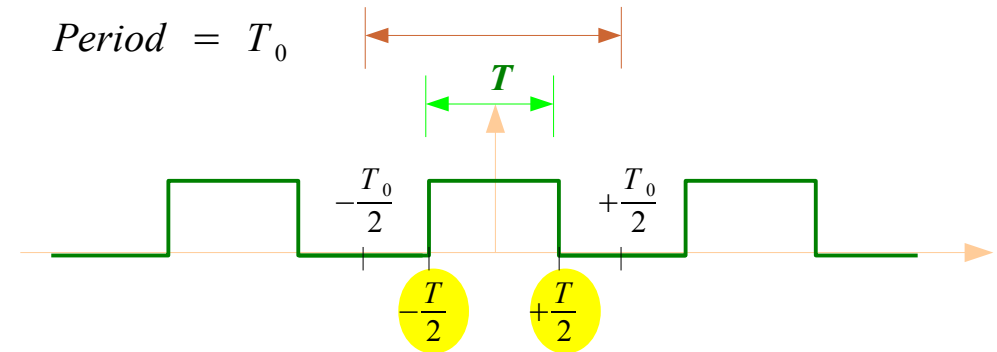
$$C_k = \frac{1}{T_0} \cdot \frac{\sin(k\omega_0 T/2)}{k\omega_0/2} = \frac{T}{T_0} \cdot \text{sinc}\left(k \frac{T}{T_0}\right)$$

$$\omega = k\omega_0$$

$$f = \frac{k}{T_0}$$

## CTFT

$$X(j\omega) = \frac{\sin(\omega T/2)}{\omega/2} = T \cdot \text{sinc}(fT)$$

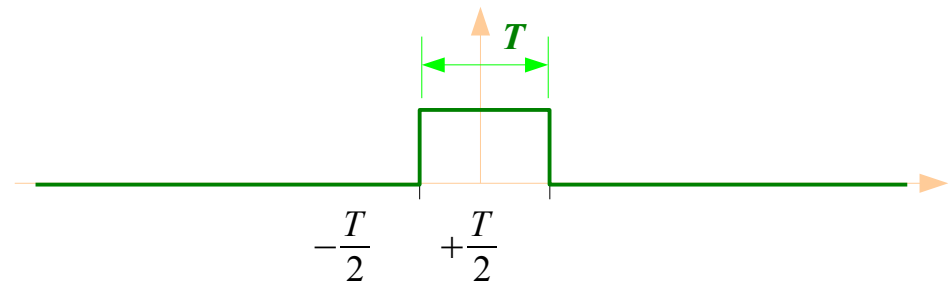


$$x_{T_0}(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} x(t - nT_0)$$

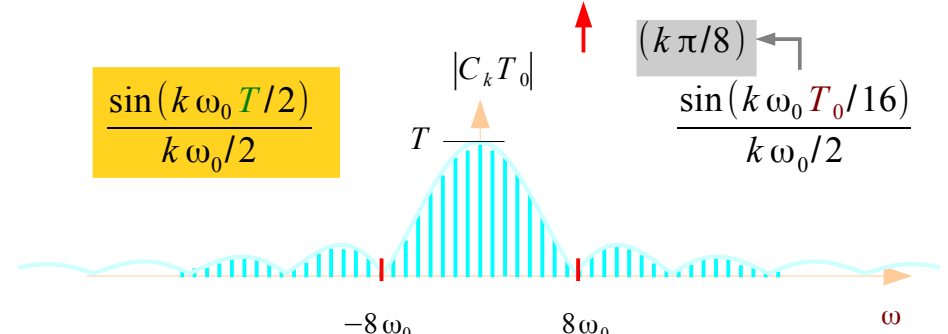
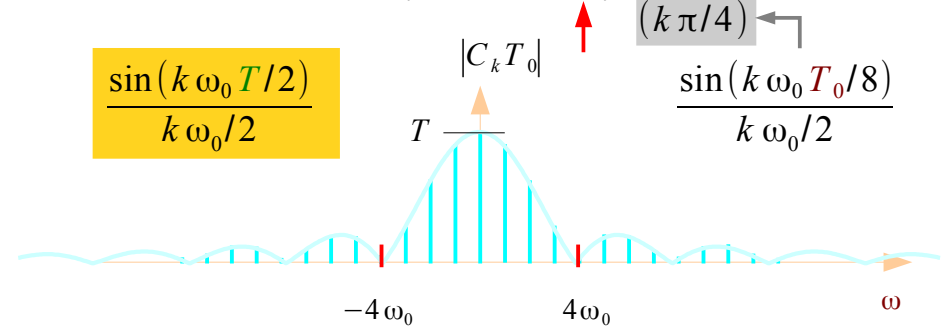
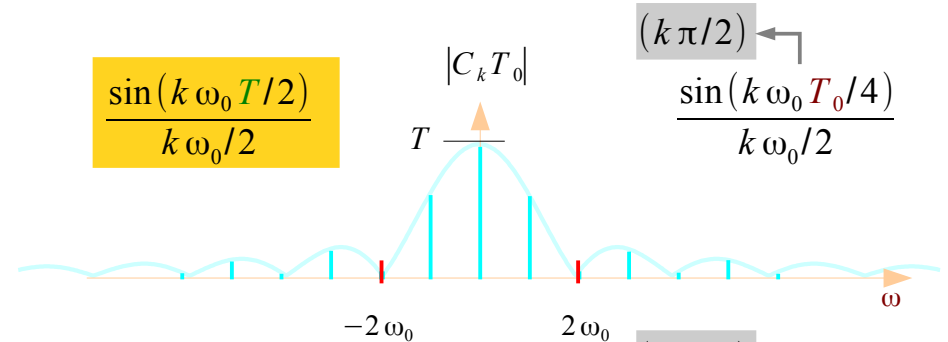
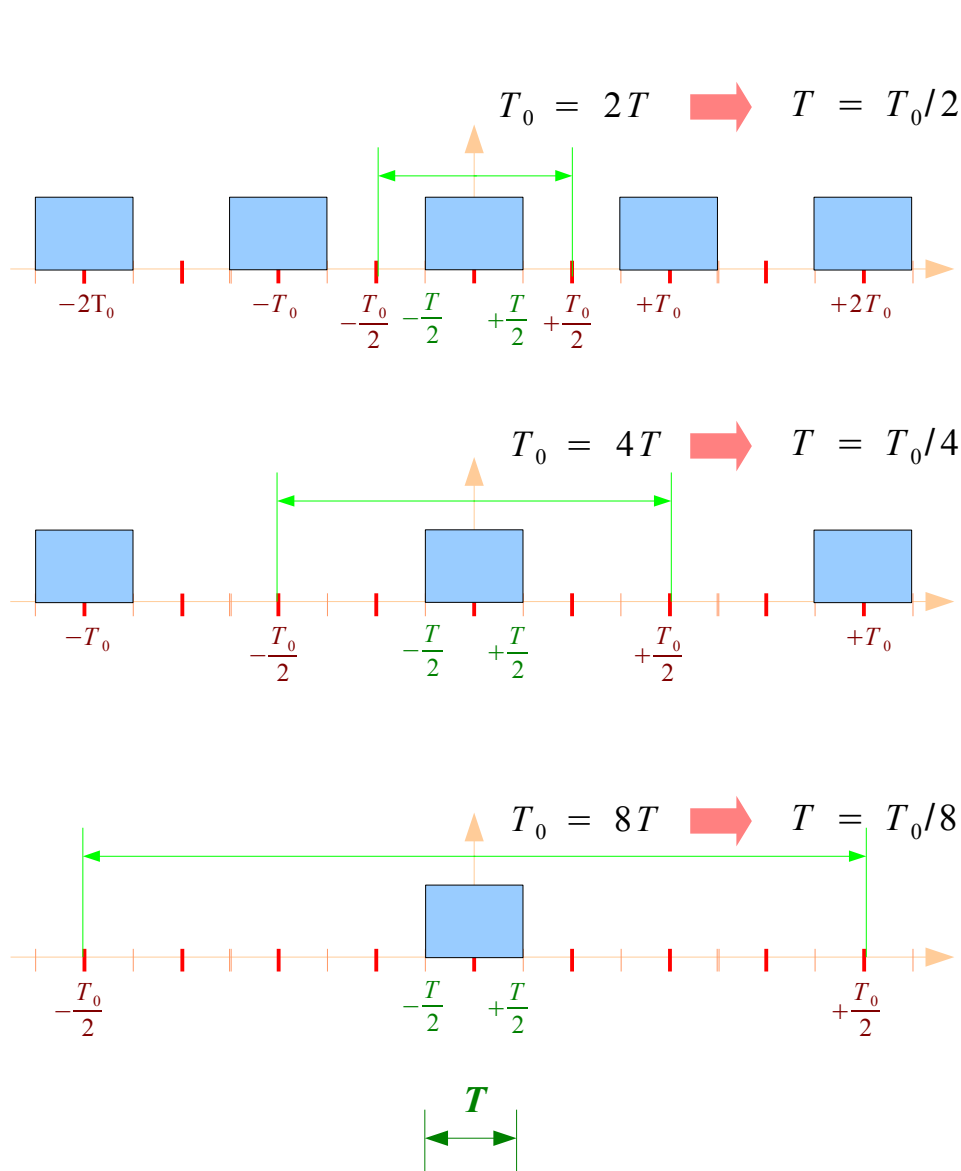
$$\begin{matrix} T_0 \rightarrow \infty \\ \omega_0 \rightarrow 0 \end{matrix}$$

$$\omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{T_0}$$

$$x(t)$$



# CTFT and CTFS as $T_0 \rightarrow \infty$ (1)



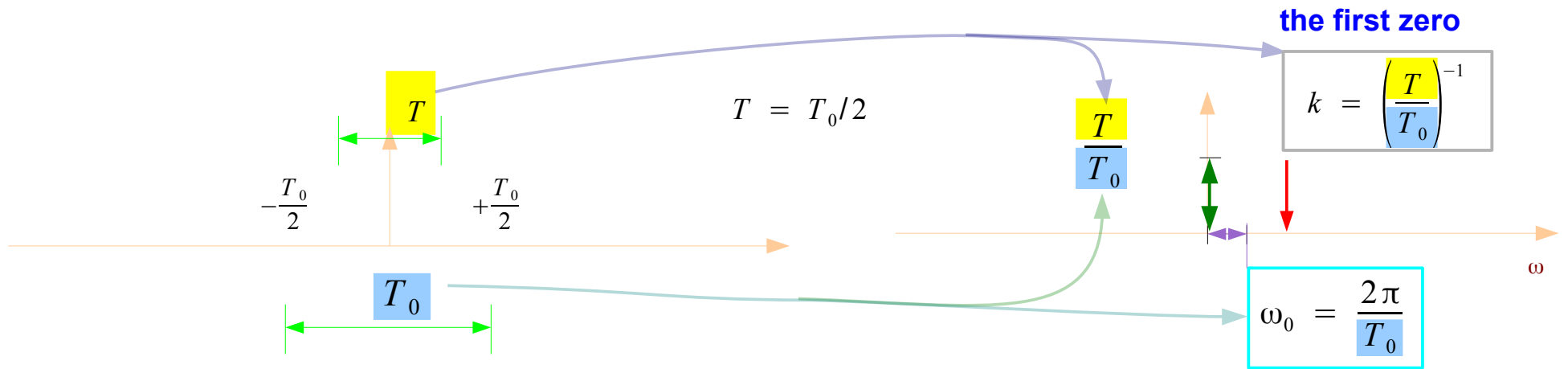
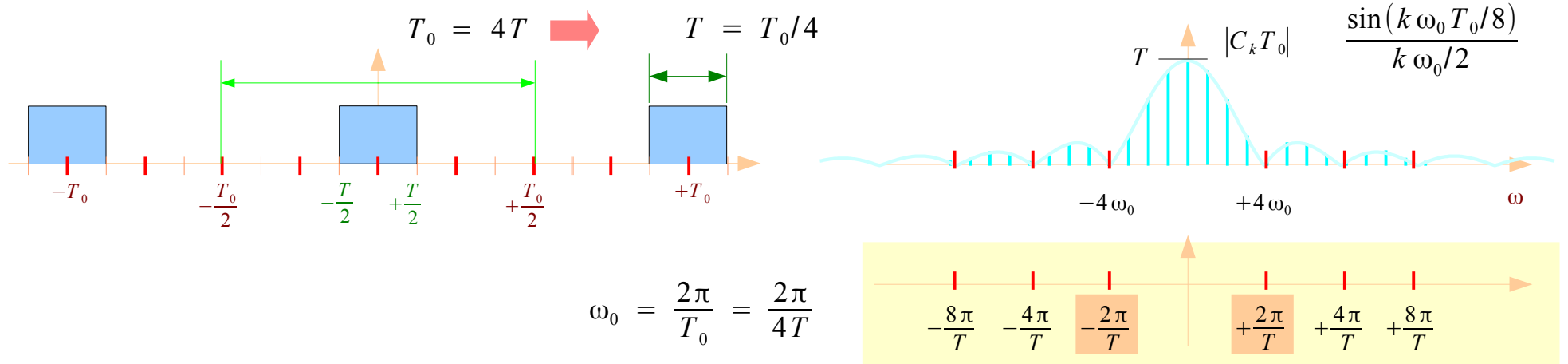
$$\omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{T_0} \Rightarrow \frac{k \omega_0 T}{2} = k \pi \left( \frac{T}{T_0} \right)$$

the first zero

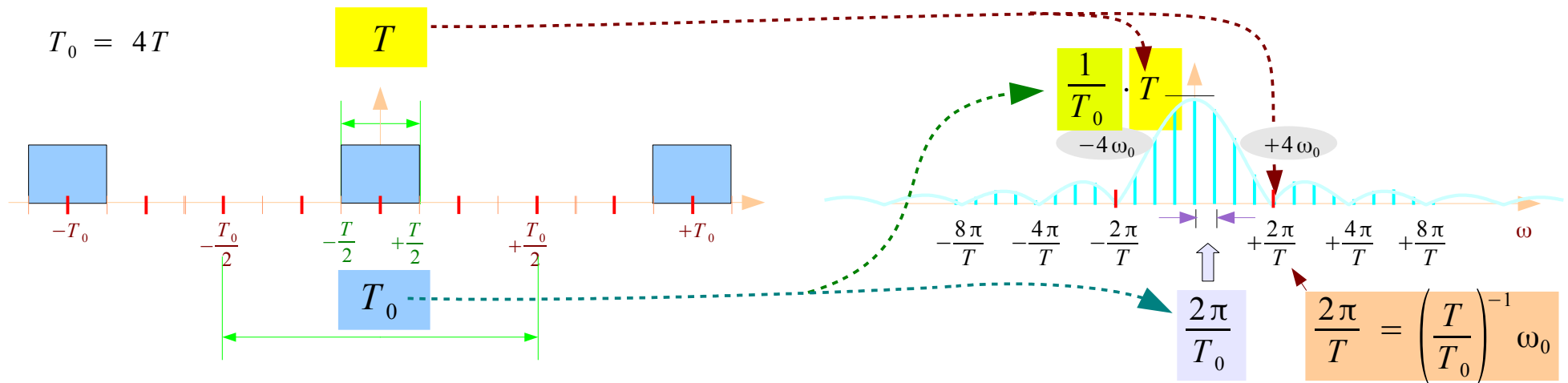
$$k = \left( \frac{T}{T_0} \right)^{-1}$$



# CTFT and CTFS as $T_0 \rightarrow \infty$ (2)



# CTFT of a Rect(t/T) function (3)



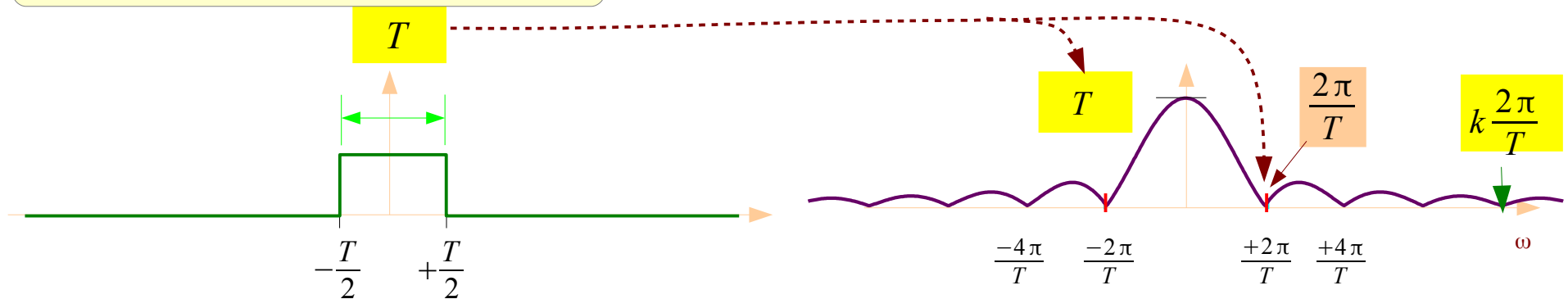
$$C_k T_0 = \frac{\sin(k \omega_0 T/2)}{k \omega_0/2}$$

$T_0 \rightarrow \infty$   
 $k \omega_0 \rightarrow \omega$

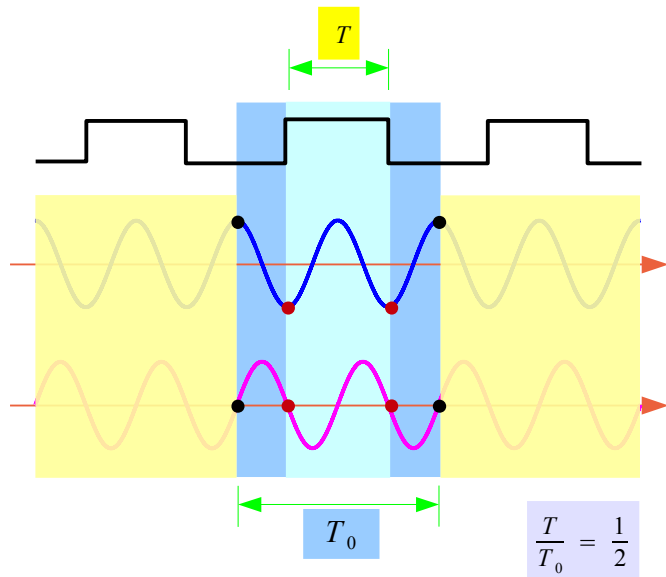
$$X(j\omega) = \frac{\sin(\omega T/2)}{\omega/2}$$

$$C_k = \frac{1}{T_0} \frac{\sin(k \omega_0 T/2)}{k \omega_0/2} = \frac{T}{T_0} \text{sinc}\left(k \frac{T}{T_0}\right)$$

$$X(j\omega) = \frac{\sin(\omega T/2)}{\omega/2} = T \text{sinc}(f T)$$



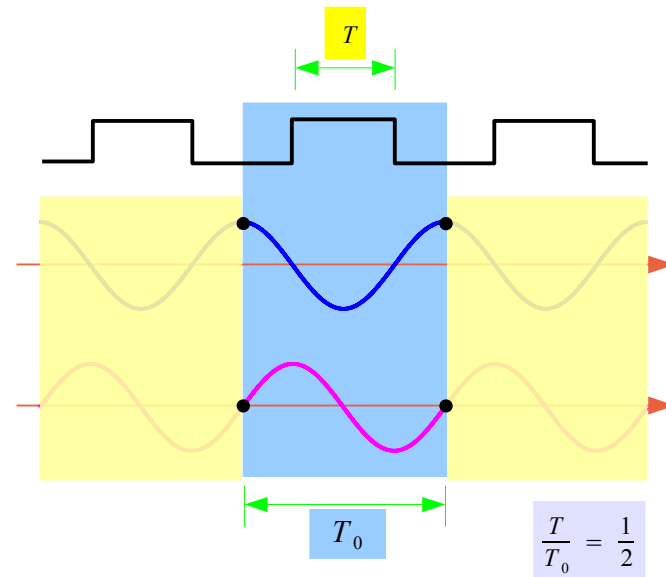
# CTFT of a Rect(t/T) function (4)



$$\omega = \frac{2\pi}{T}$$

$$\cos \omega t$$

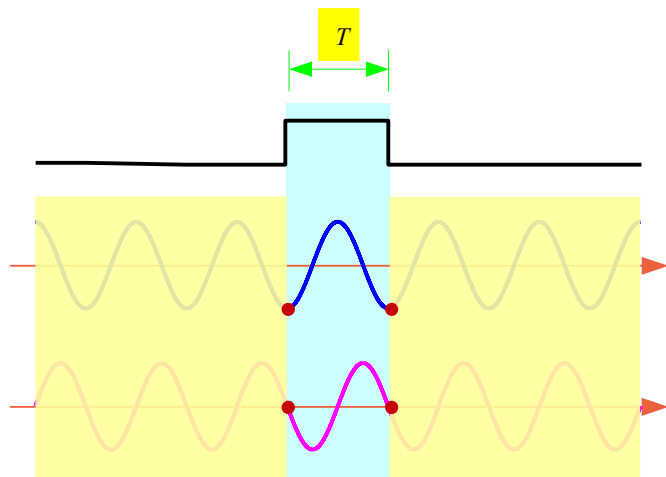
$$\sin \omega t$$



$$\omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{T_0}$$

$$\cos \omega_0 t$$

$$\sin \omega_0 t$$



$$\omega = \frac{2\pi}{T}$$

$$\cos \omega t$$

$$\sin \omega t$$

$$\omega = k \omega_0 = \left( \frac{T}{T_0} \right)^{-1} \omega_0 = 2 \omega_0$$

## References

- [1] <http://en.wikipedia.org/>
- [2] J.H. McClellan, et al., Signal Processing First, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2003
- [3] M. J. Roberts, Fundamentals of Signals and Systems
- [4] S. Haykin, An Introduction to Analog & Digital Communications