

# Boolean Functions (8B)

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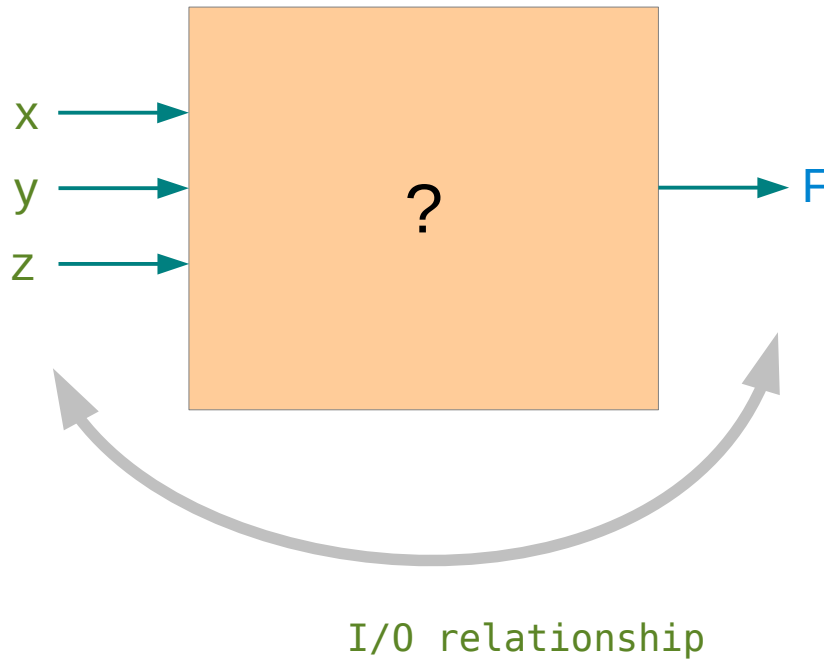
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# Truth Table

[https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The\\_necessities\\_in\\_Digital\\_Design](https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The_necessities_in_Digital_Design)

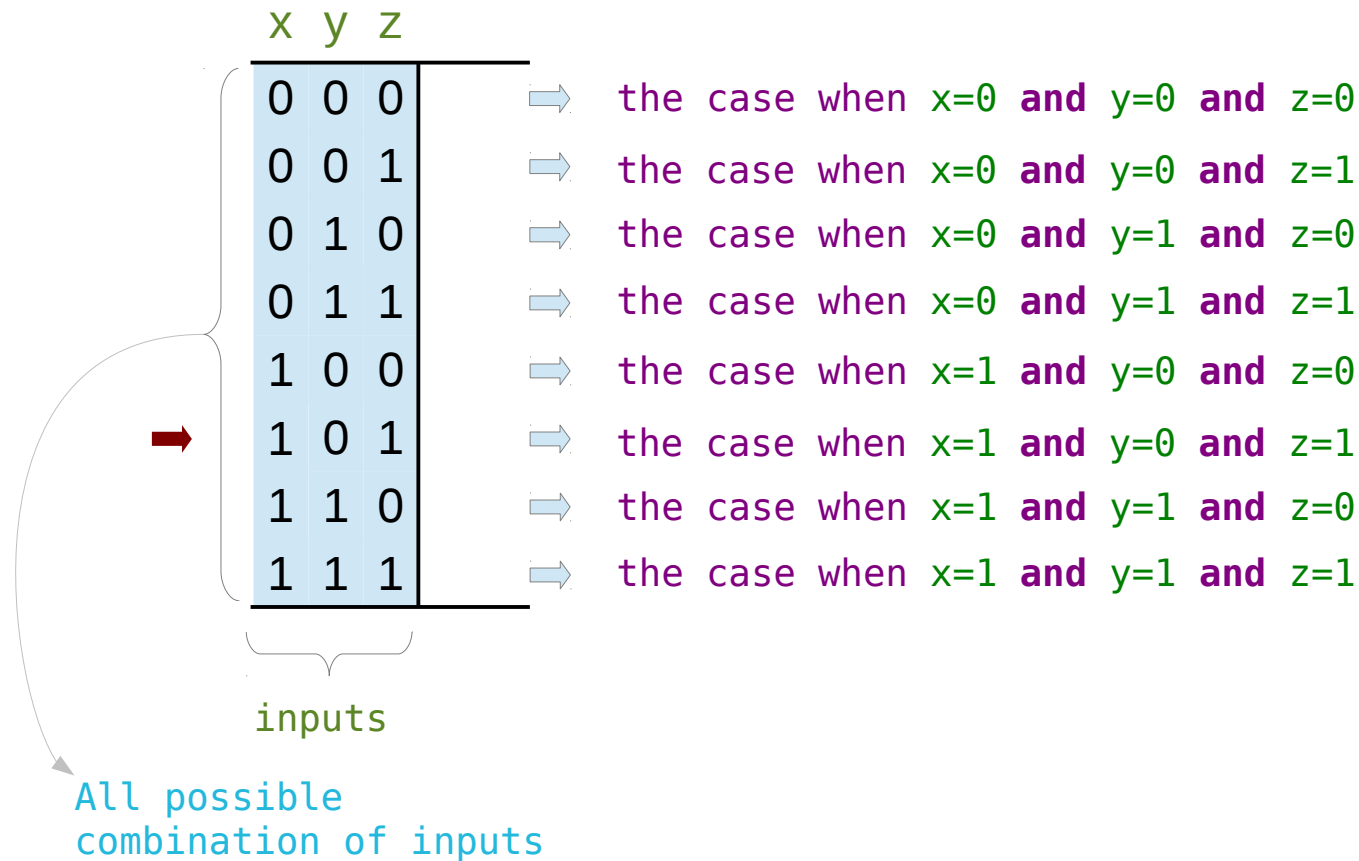


x	y	z	F
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	0

inputs output

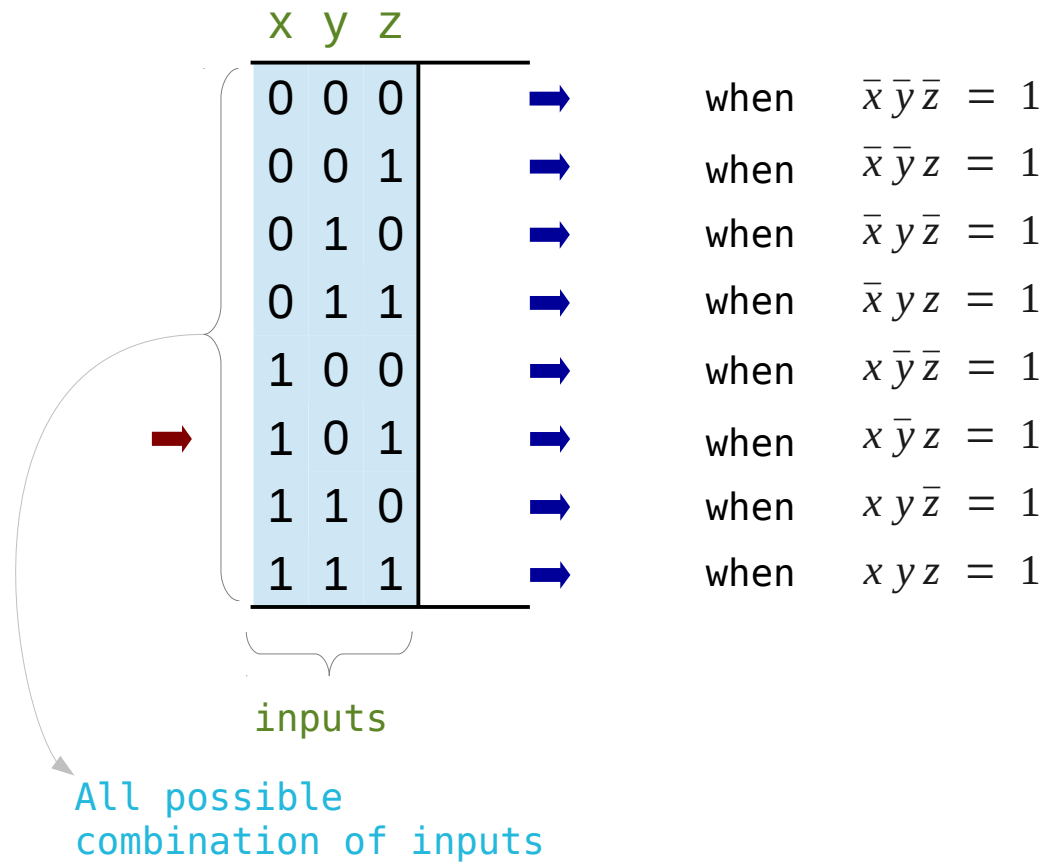
# All possible input cases

[https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The\\_necessities\\_in\\_Digital\\_Design](https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The_necessities_in_Digital_Design)

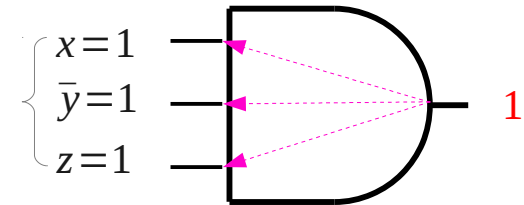


# All possible input cases using **minterms**

[https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The\\_necessities\\_in\\_Digital\\_Design](https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The_necessities_in_Digital_Design)



when  $\bar{x}\bar{y}\bar{z} = 1$   
when  $\bar{x}\bar{y}z = 1$   
when  $\bar{x}y\bar{z} = 1$   
when  $\bar{x}yz = 1$   
when  $x\bar{y}\bar{z} = 1$   
when  $x\bar{y}z = 1$   
when  $xy\bar{z} = 1$   
when  $xyz = 1$



$$x\bar{y}z = 1 \quad \leftrightarrow \quad \begin{cases} x=1 \\ y=0 \\ z=1 \end{cases}$$

For the output of an **and** gate to be 1, all inputs must be 1

# Naming minterms

[https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The\\_necessities\\_in\\_Digital\\_Design](https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The_necessities_in_Digital_Design)

	x	y	z	
0	0	0	0	→ the minterm
1	0	0	1	→ the minterm
2	0	1	0	→ the minterm
3	0	1	1	→ the minterm
4	1	0	0	→ the minterm
→ 5	1	0	1	→ the minterm
6	1	1	0	→ the minterm
7	1	1	1	→ the minterm

index

$$m_0 = \bar{x}\bar{y}\bar{z} = 1$$

$$m_1 = \bar{x}\bar{y}z = 1$$

$$m_2 = \bar{x}y\bar{z} = 1$$

$$m_3 = \bar{x}yz = 1$$

$$m_4 = x\bar{y}\bar{z} = 1$$

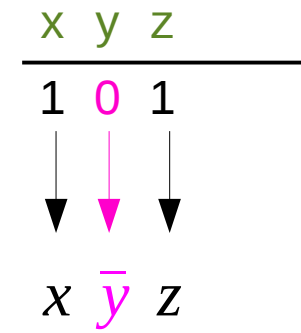
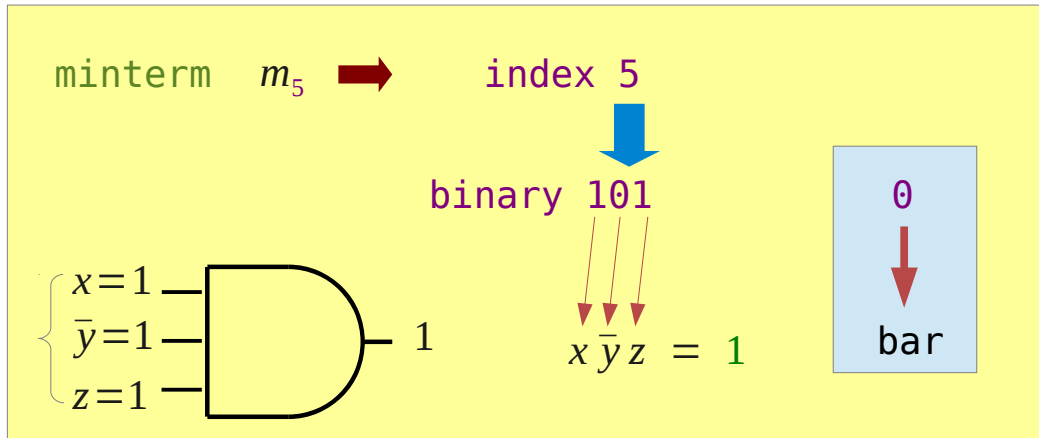
$$m_5 = x\bar{y}z = 1$$

$$m_6 = xy\bar{z} = 1$$

$$m_7 = xyz = 1$$

# Computing minterms

[https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The\\_necessities\\_in\\_Digital\\_Design](https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The_necessities_in_Digital_Design)



$$m_5 = x \bar{y} z$$

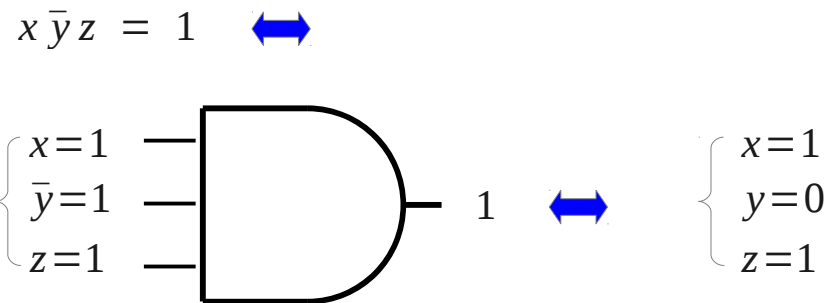
# Truth Table and minterms (1)

[https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The\\_necessities\\_in\\_Digital\\_Design](https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The_necessities_in_Digital_Design)

x	y	z			
0	0	0	→	the case when x=0 and y=0 and z=0	↔ $\bar{x}\bar{y}\bar{z} = 1$
0	0	1	→	the case when x=0 and y=0 and z=1	↔ $\bar{x}\bar{y}z = 1$
0	1	0	→	the case when x=0 and y=1 and z=0	↔ $\bar{x}y\bar{z} = 1$
0	1	1	→	the case when x=0 and y=1 and z=1	↔ $\bar{x}yz = 1$
1	0	0	→	the case when x=1 and y=0 and z=0	↔ $x\bar{y}\bar{z} = 1$
1	0	1	→	the case when x=1 and y=0 and z=1	↔ $x\bar{y}z = 1$
1	1	0	→	the case when x=1 and y=1 and z=0	↔ $xy\bar{z} = 1$
1	1	1	→	the case when x=1 and y=1 and z=1	↔ $xyz = 1$

inputs

All possible combination of inputs



For the output of an **and** gate to be 1, all inputs must be 1



# Truth Table and **minterms** (2)

[https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The\\_necessities\\_in\\_Digital\\_Design](https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The_necessities_in_Digital_Design)

	x	y	z
0	0	0	0
1	0	0	1
2	0	1	0
3	0	1	1
4	1	0	0
→ 5	1	0	1
6	1	1	0
7	1	1	1

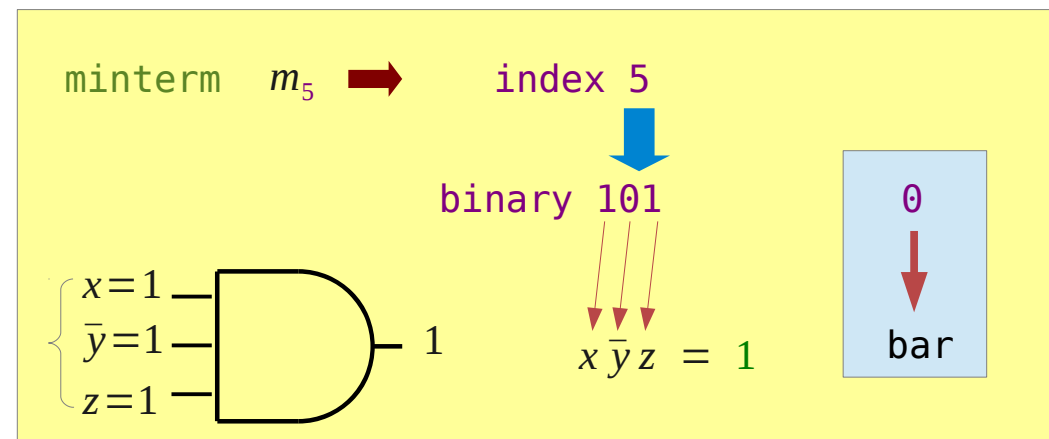
index

inputs

All possible combination of inputs

the case when the minterm  
the case when the minterm  
the case when the minterm  
the case when the minterm  
the case when the minterm  
the case when the minterm  
the case when the minterm  
the case when the minterm

$$\begin{aligned} m_0 &= \bar{x}\bar{y}\bar{z} = 1 \\ m_1 &= \bar{x}\bar{y}z = 1 \\ m_2 &= \bar{x}y\bar{z} = 1 \\ m_3 &= \bar{x}yz = 1 \\ m_4 &= x\bar{y}\bar{z} = 1 \\ m_5 &= x\bar{y}z = 1 \\ m_6 &= xy\bar{z} = 1 \\ m_7 &= xyz = 1 \end{aligned}$$



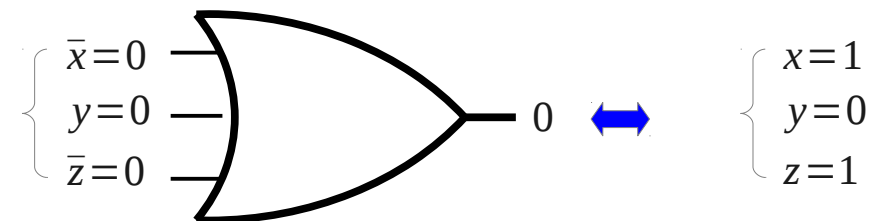
# Truth Table and MAXterms (1)

[https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The\\_necessities\\_in\\_Digital\\_Design](https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The_necessities_in_Digital_Design)

x	y	z			
0	0	0	→	the case when x=0 and y=0 and z=0	↔ $x + y + z = 0$
0	0	1	→	the case when x=0 and y=0 and z=1	↔ $x + y + \bar{z} = 0$
0	1	0	→	the case when x=0 and y=1 and z=0	↔ $x + \bar{y} + z = 0$
0	1	1	→	the case when x=0 and y=1 and z=1	↔ $x + \bar{y} + \bar{z} = 0$
1	0	0	→	the case when x=1 and y=0 and z=0	↔ $\bar{x} + y + z = 0$
1	0	1	→	the case when x=1 and y=0 and z=1	↔ $\bar{x} + y + \bar{z} = 0$
1	1	0	→	the case when x=1 and y=1 and z=0	↔ $\bar{x} + \bar{y} + z = 0$
1	1	1	→	the case when x=1 and y=1 and z=1	↔ $\bar{x} + \bar{y} + \bar{z} = 0$

All possible combination of inputs

$$\bar{x} + y + \bar{z} = 0 \quad \leftrightarrow$$



For the output of an **or** gate to be 0, all inputs must be 0

# Truth Table and MAXterms (2)

[https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The\\_necessities\\_in\\_Digital\\_Design](https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The_necessities_in_Digital_Design)

	x	y	z
0	0	0	0
1	0	0	1
2	0	1	0
3	0	1	1
4	1	0	0
→ 5	1	0	1
6	1	1	0
7	1	1	1

index

inputs

All possible combination of inputs

the case when the MAXterm

the case when the MAXterm

the case when the MAXterm

the case when the MAXterm

the case when the MAXterm

the case when the MAXterm

the case when the MAXterm

the case when the MAXterm

$$M_0 = x + y + z = 0$$

$$M_1 = x + y + \bar{z} = 0$$

$$M_2 = x + \bar{y} + z = 0$$

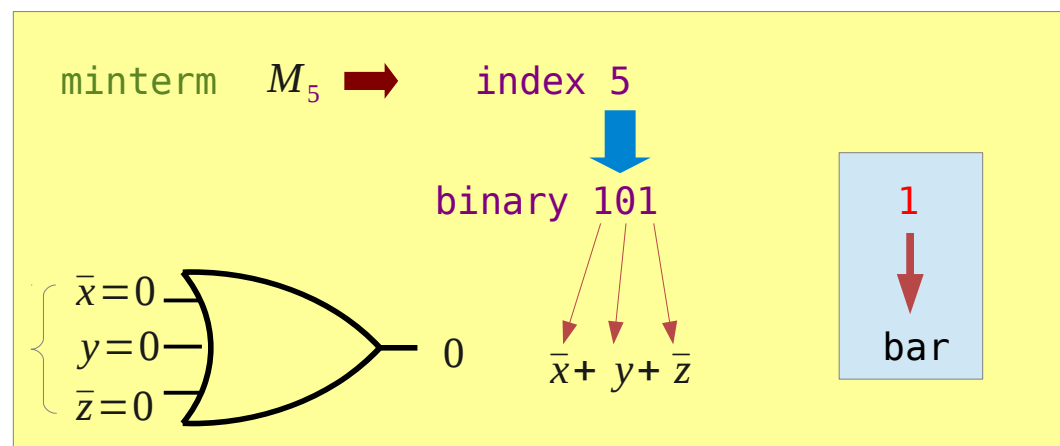
$$M_3 = x + \bar{y} + \bar{z} = 0$$

$$M_4 = \bar{x} + y + z = 0$$

$$M_5 = \bar{x} + y + \bar{z} = 0$$

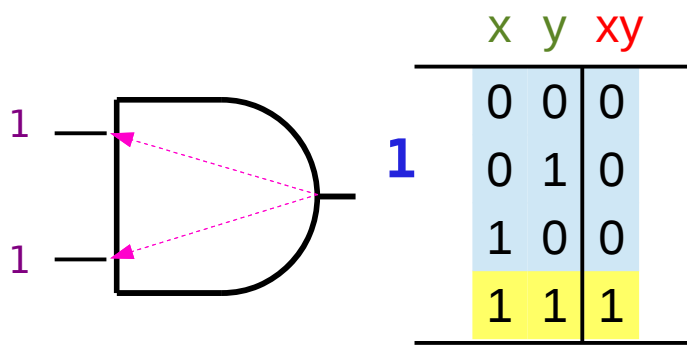
$$M_6 = \bar{x} + \bar{y} + z = 0$$

$$M_7 = \bar{x} + \bar{y} + \bar{z} = 0$$

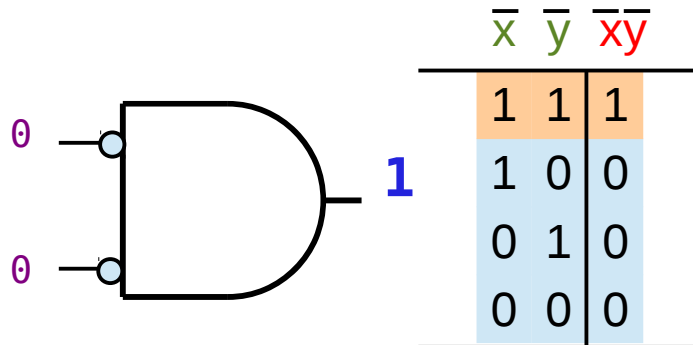
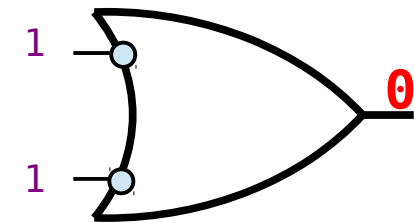


# Maxterm and minterm Conditions

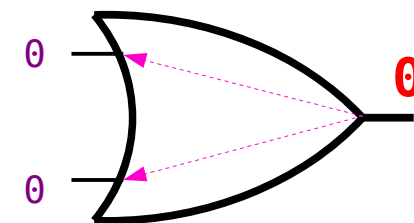
[https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The\\_necessities\\_in\\_Digital\\_Design](https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The_necessities_in_Digital_Design)



$\bar{x}$	$\bar{y}$	$\bar{x} + \bar{y}$
1	1	1
1	0	1
0	1	1
0	0	0




x	y	x+y
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1



# Boolean functions defined by a truth table

[https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The\\_necessities\\_in\\_Digital\\_Design](https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The_necessities_in_Digital_Design)

	x	y	z	F
0	0	0	0	0
→ 1	0	0	1	1
2	0	1	0	0
→ 3	0	1	1	1
→ 4	1	0	0	1
5	1	0	1	0
6	1	1	0	0
7	1	1	1	0

index      

All possible  
combination of inputs

# When the output becomes 1

[https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The\\_necessities\\_in\\_Digital\\_Design](https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The_necessities_in_Digital_Design)

	x	y	z	F
0	0	0	0	0
→ 1	0	0	1	1
2	0	1	0	0
→ 3	0	1	1	1
→ 4	1	0	0	1
5	1	0	1	0
6	1	1	0	0
7	1	1	1	0

The output F becomes 1,  
for one of the three following cases

(the case when  $x=0$  and  $y=0$  and  $z=1$ )

or (the case when  $x=0$  and  $y=1$  and  $z=1$ )

or (the case when  $x=1$  and  $y=0$  and  $z=0$ )

index  
inputs output

All possible  
combination of inputs

# Function output values and **minterms**

[https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The\\_necessities\\_in\\_Digital\\_Design](https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The_necessities_in_Digital_Design)

	x	y	z	F
0	0	0	0	0
→ 1	0	0	1	1
2	0	1	0	0
→ 3	0	1	1	1
→ 4	1	0	0	1
5	1	0	1	0
6	1	1	0	0
7	1	1	1	0

index   
inputs output

All possible  
combination of inputs

The output F becomes 1,  
for one of the three following cases

↔  $m_1 = \bar{x}\bar{y}z = 1$

↔  $m_3 = \bar{x}yz = 1$

↔  $m_4 = x\bar{y}\bar{z} = 1$

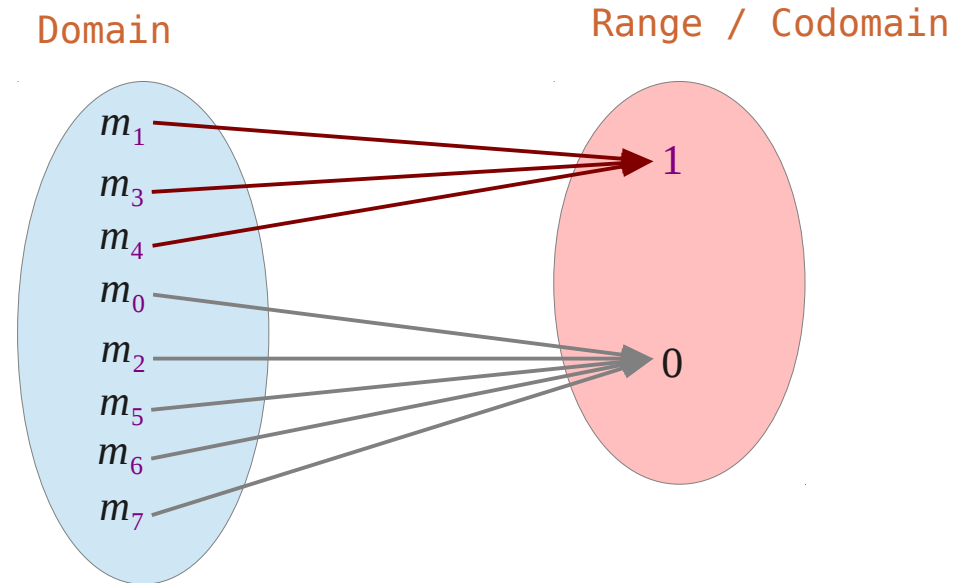
# Mapping Set Diagram

[https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The\\_necessities\\_in\\_Digital\\_Design](https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The_necessities_in_Digital_Design)

	x	y	z	F
0	0	0	0	0
→ 1	0	0	1	1
2	0	1	0	0
→ 3	0	1	1	1
→ 4	1	0	0	1
5	1	0	1	0
6	1	1	0	0
7	1	1	1	0

index      {      }

             inputs   output





# Boolean function definition using **minterms**

[https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The\\_necessities\\_in\\_Digital\\_Design](https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The_necessities_in_Digital_Design)

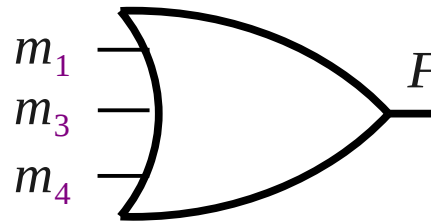
	x	y	z	F
0	0	0	0	0
→ 1	0	0	1	1
2	0	1	0	0
→ 3	0	1	1	1
→ 4	1	0	0	1
5	1	0	1	0
6	1	1	0	0
7	1	1	1	0

index       $\underbrace{\hspace{2em}}$   $\underbrace{\hspace{2em}}$   
                  inputs    output

All possible  
combination of inputs

The output F becomes 1,  
either  $m_1=1$  or  $m_3=1$  or  $m_4=1$

$$m_1 + m_3 + m_4 = 1 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad F = 1$$



For the output of an **or** gate to be 1,  
at least one must be 1

$$\Leftrightarrow \quad F = m_1 + m_3 + m_4$$

# Boolean Function with **minterms** (1)

[https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The\\_necessities\\_in\\_Digital\\_Design](https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The_necessities_in_Digital_Design)

	x	y	z	F
0	0	0	0	0
→ 1	0	0	1	1
2	0	1	0	0
→ 3	0	1	1	1
→ 4	1	0	0	1
5	1	0	1	0
6	1	1	0	0
7	1	1	1	0

index } }  
inputs output

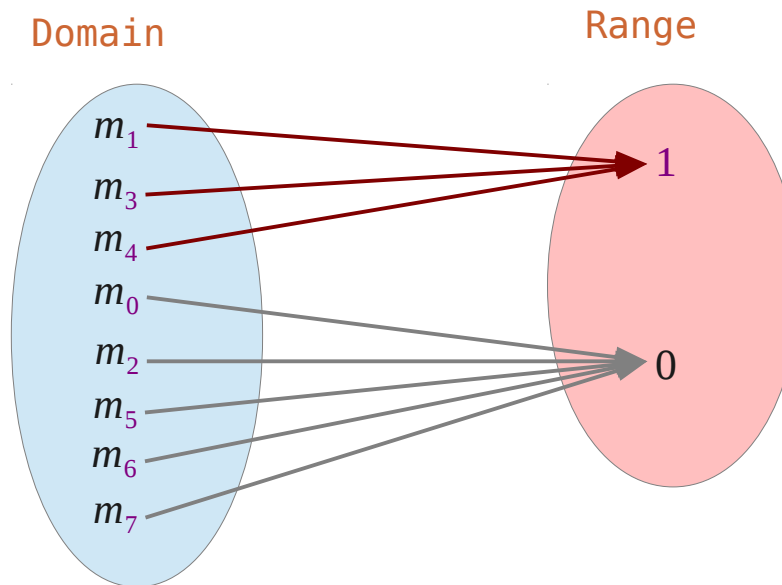
All possible combination of inputs

The output F becomes 1, for one of the three following cases

(the case when  $x=0$  and  $y=0$  and  $z=1$ )  $\iff m_1 = \bar{x}\bar{y}z = 1$

or (the case when  $x=0$  and  $y=1$  and  $z=1$ )  $\iff m_3 = \bar{x}yz = 1$

or (the case when  $x=1$  and  $y=0$  and  $z=0$ )  $\iff m_4 = x\bar{y}\bar{z} = 1$



# Boolean Function with **minterms** (2)

[https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The\\_necessities\\_in\\_Digital\\_Design](https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The_necessities_in_Digital_Design)

	x	y	z	F
0	0	0	0	0
→ 1	0	0	1	1
2	0	1	0	0
→ 3	0	1	1	1
→ 4	1	0	0	1
5	1	0	1	0
6	1	1	0	0
7	1	1	1	0

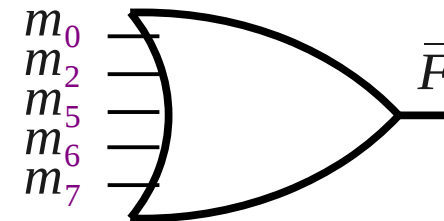
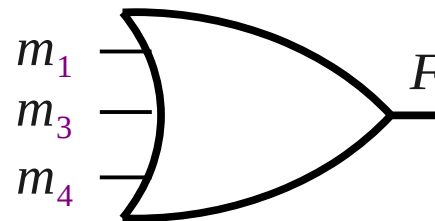
index      inputs      output

All possible combination of inputs

The output F becomes 1,  
either  $m_1=1$  or  $m_3=1$  or  $m_4=1$

$$m_1 + m_3 + m_4 = 1 \quad \rightleftarrows \quad F = 1$$

$$\iff F = m_1 + m_3 + m_4$$



For the output of an **or** gate to be 1,  
at least one must be 1

# Boolean Function with **minterms** (3)

[https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The\\_necessities\\_in\\_Digital\\_Design](https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The_necessities_in_Digital_Design)

	x	y	z	F
0	0	0	0	0
→ 1	0	0	1	1
2	0	1	0	0
→ 3	0	1	1	1
→ 4	1	0	0	1
5	1	0	1	0
6	1	1	0	0
7	1	1	1	0

index } }  
inputs output

All possible combination of inputs

The output F becomes 1,  
 either  $m_1=1$  or  $m_3=1$  or  $m_4=1$

$$m_1 + m_3 + m_4 = 1 \quad \rightleftharpoons \quad F = 1$$

$$\iff F = m_1 + m_3 + m_4$$

The output F becomes 0,  
 either  $m_0=1$  or  $m_2=1$  or  $m_5=1$  or  $m_6=1$  or  $m_7=1$

$$m_0 + m_2 + m_5 + m_6 + m_7 = 1 \quad \rightleftharpoons \quad F = 0$$

$$\iff \bar{F} = m_0 + m_2 + m_5 + m_6 + m_7$$

For the output of an **OR** gate to be 1,  
 at least one must be 1

# Boolean Function with Maxterms (1)

[https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The\\_necessities\\_in\\_Digital\\_Design](https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The_necessities_in_Digital_Design)

	x	y	z	F
→ 0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	1	1
→ 2	0	1	0	0
3	0	1	1	1
4	1	0	0	1
→ 5	1	0	1	0
→ 6	1	1	0	0
→ 7	1	1	1	0

The output F becomes 0, for one of the five following cases

(the case when  $x=0$  and  $y=0$  and  $z=0$ ) ↔  $x + y + z = 0$

or (the case when  $x=0$  and  $y=1$  and  $z=0$ ) ↔  $x + \bar{y} + z = 0$

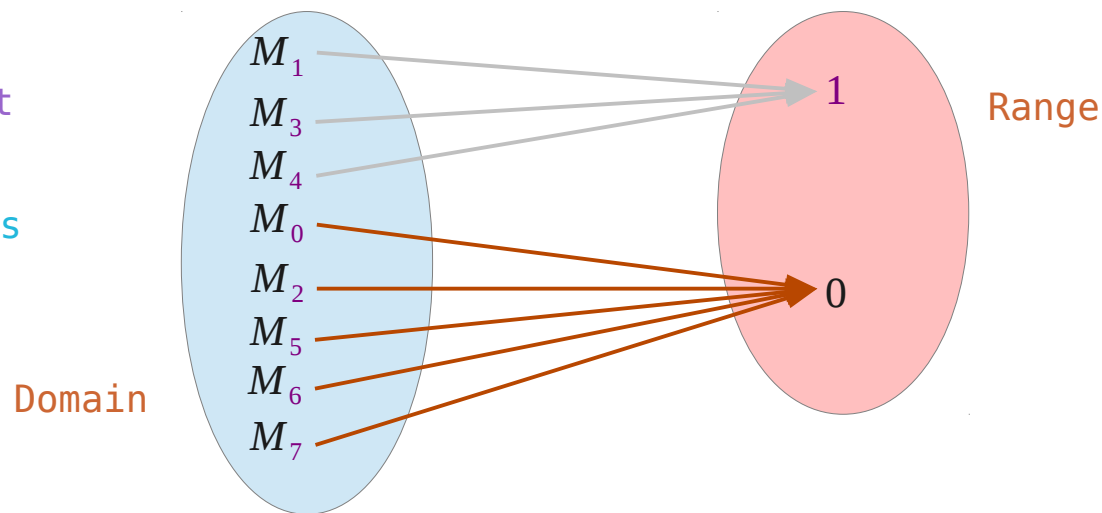
or (the case when  $x=1$  and  $y=0$  and  $z=1$ ) ↔  $\bar{x} + y + \bar{z} = 0$

or (the case when  $x=1$  and  $y=1$  and  $z=0$ ) ↔  $\bar{x} + \bar{y} + z = 0$

or (the case when  $x=1$  and  $y=1$  and  $z=1$ ) ↔  $\bar{x} + \bar{y} + \bar{z} = 0$

index } }  
inputs output

All possible combination of inputs



# Boolean Function with Maxterms (2)

[https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The\\_necessities\\_in\\_Digital\\_Design](https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The_necessities_in_Digital_Design)

	x	y	z	F
→ 0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	1	1
→ 2	0	1	0	0
3	0	1	1	1
4	1	0	0	1
→ 5	1	0	1	0
→ 6	1	1	0	0
→ 7	1	1	1	0

index      inputs      output

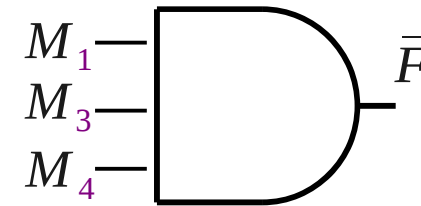
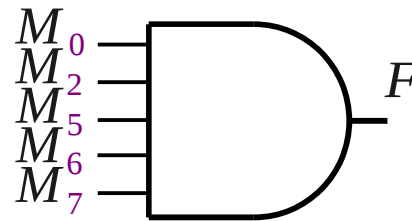
All possible  
combination of inputs

The output F becomes 0,

either  $M_0=0$  or  $M_2=0$  or  $M_5=0$  or  $M_6=0$  or  $M_7=0$

$$M_0 \cdot M_2 \cdot M_5 \cdot M_6 \cdot M_7 = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad F = 0$$

$$\Leftarrow F = M_0 \cdot M_2 \cdot M_5 \cdot M_6 \cdot M_7$$



For the output of an **and** gate to be 0,  
at least one input must be 0

# Boolean Function with **Maxterms** (2)

[https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The\\_necessities\\_in\\_Digital\\_Design](https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The_necessities_in_Digital_Design)

	x	y	z	F
→ 0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	1	1
→ 2	0	1	0	0
3	0	1	1	1
4	1	0	0	1
→ 5	1	0	1	0
→ 6	1	1	0	0
→ 7	1	1	1	0

index } }  
inputs output

All possible combination of inputs

The output F becomes 0,

either  $M_0=0$  or  $M_2=0$  or  $M_5=0$  or  $M_6=0$  or  $M_7=0$

$$M_0 \cdot M_2 \cdot M_5 \cdot M_6 \cdot M_7 = 0 \quad \rightleftarrows F = 0$$

$$\leftarrow F = M_0 \cdot M_2 \cdot M_5 \cdot M_6 \cdot M_7$$

The output F becomes 1,

either  $M_1=0$  or  $M_3=0$  or  $M_4=0$

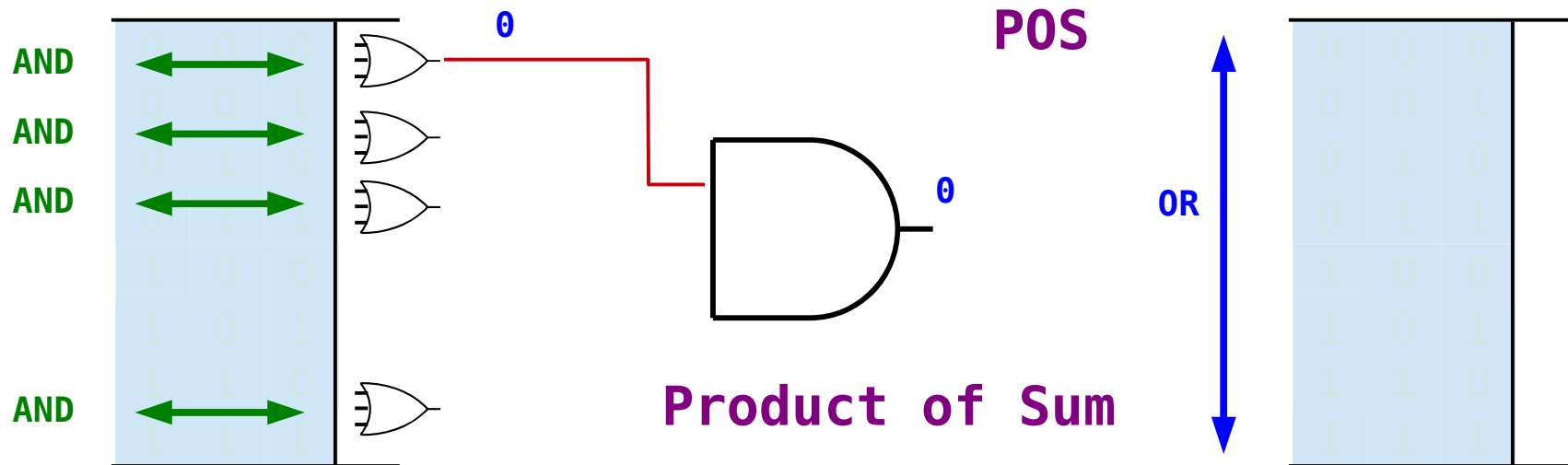
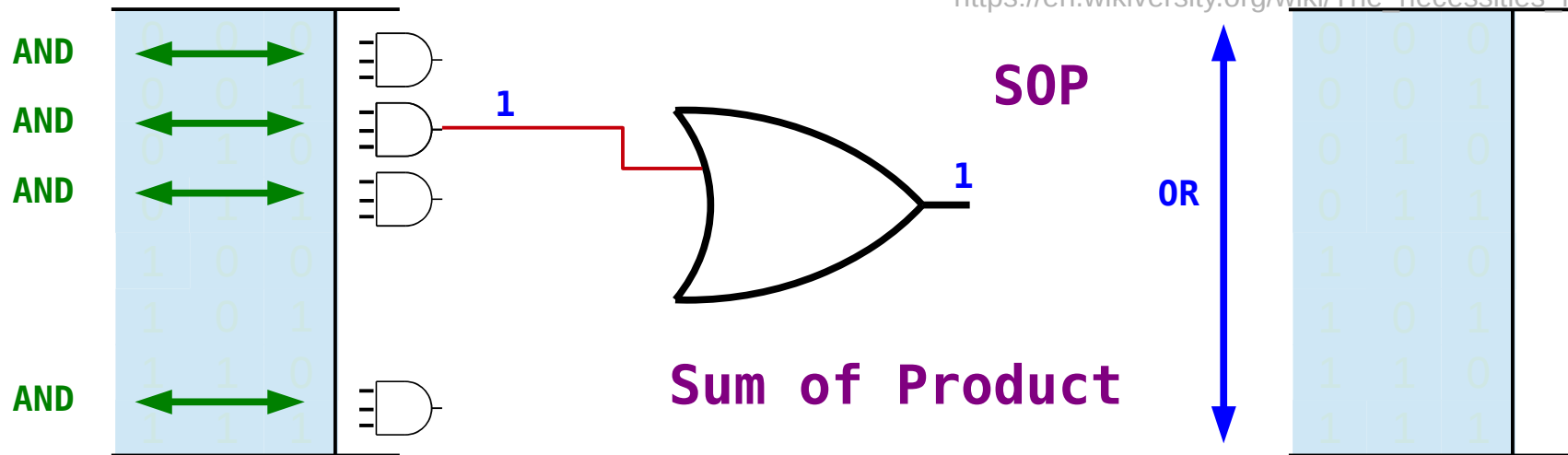
$$M_1 \cdot M_3 \cdot M_4 = 0 \quad \rightleftarrows F = 1$$

$$\leftarrow \bar{F} = M_1 \cdot M_3 \cdot M_4$$

For the output of an **and** gate to be 0, at least one input must be 0

# SOP and POS

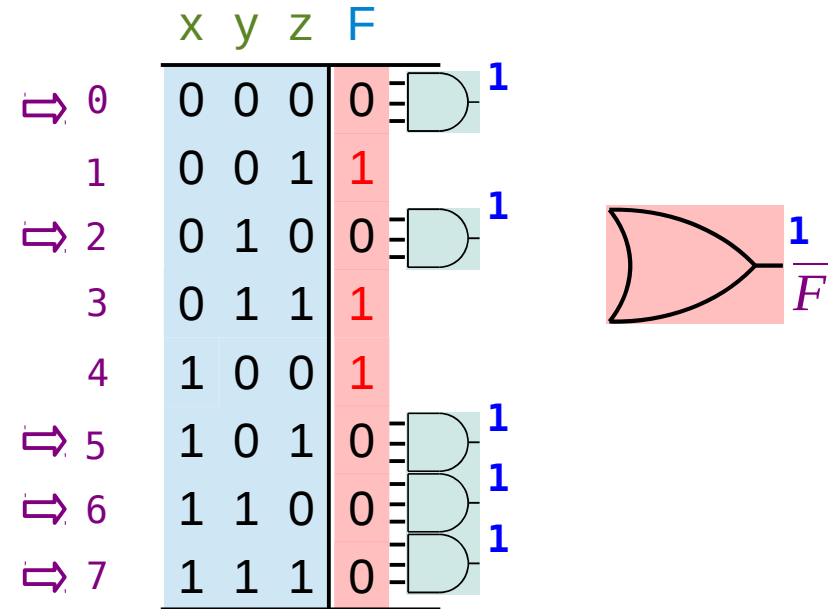
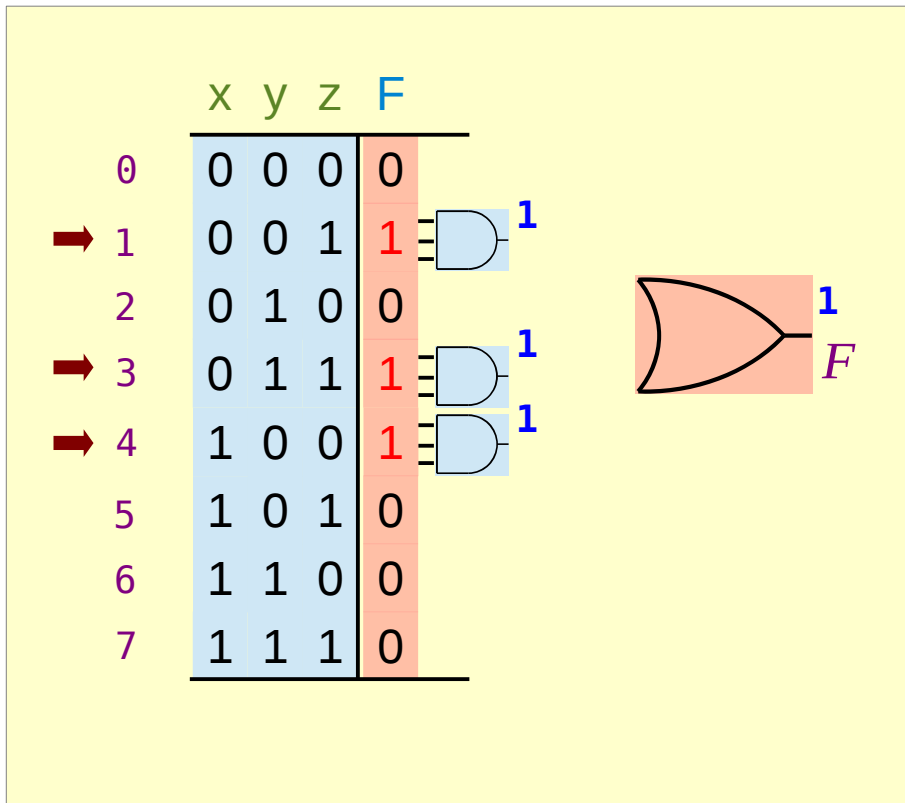
[https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The\\_necessities\\_in\\_Digital\\_Design](https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The_necessities_in_Digital_Design)





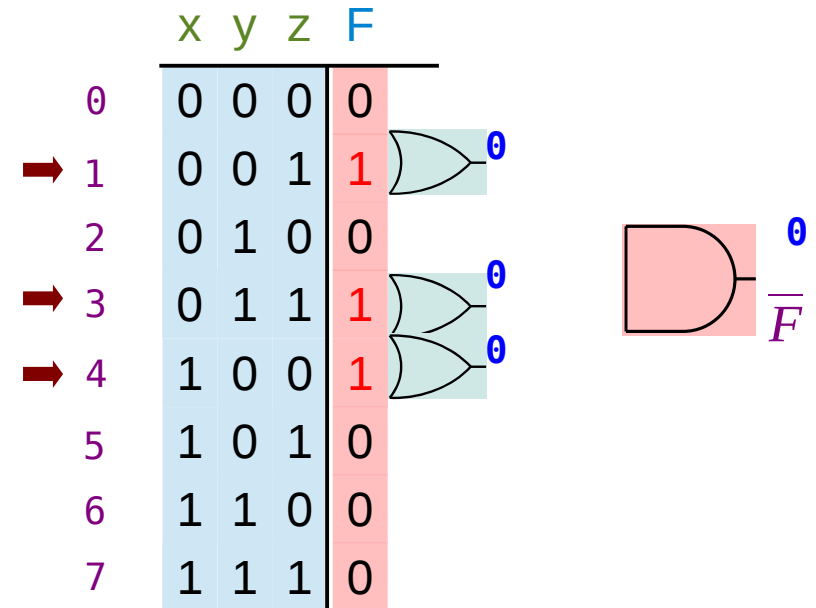
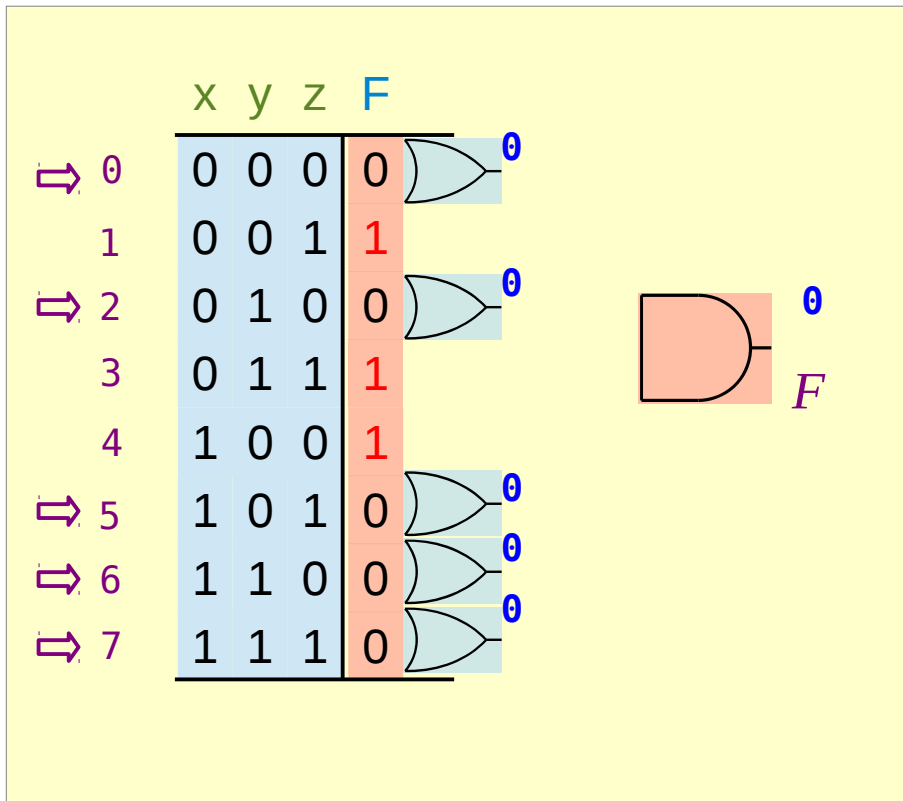
# Boolean Function with **minterms**

[https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The\\_necessities\\_in\\_Digital\\_Design](https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/The_necessities_in_Digital_Design)



# Boolean Function with Maxterms

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## References

- [1] <http://en.wikipedia.org/>
- [2]